

# SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN.

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SEYMOUR, INDIANA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1910.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## FARMERS' INSTITUTE

### Jackson County Farmers Hold Meetings in Seymour.

The Jackson County Farmers' Institute met in Seymour this morning for a three days' session. Much interest is manifested in the meetings as the farmers realize the importance of the institute and know that much valuable information can be gained from the sessions.

The morning session was not opened until about 11 o'clock, as large part of the forenoon was spent in receiving the exhibits and arranging the numerous entries. G. C. Borcharding, president of the institute presided and made a few preliminary remarks. He said the farmers should come to the meetings with the intention of imparting information as well as to learn. An instrumental solo was rendered by Miss Welliver. E. E. Druley of Fountain City, spoke upon "Pig Feeding" and gave some very interesting and valuable information. The subject of "Selecting a Good Dairy Cow and How to Feed Her," was discussed by H. C. Mills and A. L. Newby.

The afternoon session was more largely attended. The meeting was opened with music by Miss Louise Murphy. "Alfalfa" was the subject of E. E. Druley, followed by a discussion by the institute. A. C. Mills gave an address at the "Dairy and the Farm," discussed by O. E. Carter. Miss Grace Love gave a reading.

The exhibit this year is one of the best ever displayed at an institute in this county. The poultry exhibit is especially good. There are about 150 fowls entered. This display of Indian Runner ducks is the best ever shown in Jackson county.

The program is as follows:

#### PROGRAMME.

##### Thursday Evening.

John A. Ross, Presiding.  
Music: Male Quartette: C. A. Hemmer, D. A. Bollinger, Geo. E. Kasting, Frank Miller.  
Invocation: Rev. Omelvena.  
Music: High School Chorus.  
Reading: Miss Doane.  
Music: Male Quartette.  
Remarks by the Chairman.  
7:30—Address: Prof. J. A. Linke.  
Music: Ladies Quartette: Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Hancock, Miss White, Miss Doane.

##### Friday Morning.

Ernest May, Presiding.  
Music: Instrumental Duet Miss Edna Kasting, Miss Elizabeth Hoffman.  
Invocation: Rev. Huckleberry.  
10:40—How to Succeed with Wheat: E. E. Druley, Fountain City. Discussed by Wm. Hopkin.  
11:15—Elaboration and Elimination in Housekeeping: Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, Cambridge City.  
Report of Committee on Resolutions and Nominations.  
Miss Osee Robertson, Sec.

##### Friday Afternoon.

Frank Y. Dailey, Presiding.  
Instrumental Solo: Miss Edna White.  
Music: Male Quartette.  
1:30—Something about Farm Labor and Farm Accounts: Miss Meredith, Discussed by the Institute.  
2:15—Improvement of Unproductive Soil: E. E. Druley, discussed by O. M. Foster.  
3:00—Management of Bees: W. C. Dailey, Crothersville. Discussed by Miss Joanna Newby.  
Report of Committee on Resolutions and Nominations.

##### Friday Evening.

Music: Male Quartette.  
Invocation: Rev. H. H. Allen.  
Music: Ladies Quartette.  
7:30—Address: Farming as a Business, E. E. Druley.  
Music: Boy Trio from Consolidated Schools.  
8:00—Address: Our Schools, Prof. Geo. L. Roberts, Department of Education, Purdue.  
Instrumental Music: By Cobb's School.

##### Saturday Morning.

Harold Vehslage, Presiding.  
Music: Chorus: By Consolidated Schools.  
Invocation: Rev. Quinn.  
10:30—The Social Life of the Young People, Miss Virginia C. Meredith.  
Exercise: By Redding Township Schools.  
11:15—Why the Boys and Girls of To-day Should be the Farmers and Farmers' wives of Tomorrow: Mrs. Meredith.  
Reading: By Cobb's School Pupils.  
2:15—Address: Prof. J. A. Linke.  
2:45—Exercises: Primary Class, Consolidated School.

##### Saturday Afternoon.

Charles Foster, Presiding.  
Music: Solo: Miss Anna Carter.  
Exercises: By Hamilton Township Schools.  
Chorus: 7th and 8th Grades, Seymour.  
1:30—Why the Boys and Girls of To-day Should be the Farmers and Farmers' wives of Tomorrow: Mrs. Meredith.  
Reading: By Cobb's School Pupils.  
2:15—Address: Prof. J. A. Linke.  
2:45—Exercises: Primary Class, Consolidated School.

## WOODMEN INSTALL

### Several Hundred Attended Exercises and Banquet.

The Modern Woodmen Lodge of this city installed officers Wednesday evening in Armory Hall and gave a banquet which was attended by about three hundred people, including some from Brownstown and other places. The exercises began at eight o'clock. Barkman's orchestra of seven pieces furnished excellent music for the occasion.

After an overture by the orchestra, C. W. Burkart, the retiring consul, who acted as installing officer, made an address which was followed by another selection by the orchestra and the installation. A recitation was given by Miss Madge Montgomery and Wilfred Geile gave a violin solo accompanied by his sister, Miss Doris Geile. Another selection was given by the orchestra and Ulysses Montgomery entertained the large audience with a humorous address. The program lasted for about an hour and the banquet was served between nine and ten o'clock. During the banquet excellent music was furnished by the orchestra. At the close the young people retired to the Modern Woodman Hall where they engaged in dancing till midnight, the orchestra furnishing the music. The evening was very pleasant to the Woodmen and their friends.

## DIED.

KAUL—Joseph Kaul, of Hamilton township, died Tuesday afternoon at his home about four miles west of Cortland after an illness of more than twelve months with Bright's disease. Age 65 years, 9 months and 6 days. He was born in Germany on April 12, 1844 and came to this country when quite young. He had resided in Hamilton township for a number of years where he was engaged in the occupation of farming. He leaves a widow and one daughter, Mrs. Louis Baurle, besides a brother, Adam Kaul, of New Haven, Connecticut, and a sister, Miss Barbara Kaul, of St. Louis.

Funeral services occurred at the St. Ambrose Catholic church in this city Thursday morning at 9:30 and was conducted by Father C. J. Conrad. Burial at the Catholic cemetery.

### The Honest Proprietary Medicine

has saved thousands of dollars to families who could ill afford the expense necessary to maintain the services of a physician, and have answered the purpose equally as well and often succeeded after our best physicians have failed. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is one of this kind.

### Special Ticket Sale.

One hundred choice 30 cent seats for the Floyd Entertainers to be at the Majestic, Monday, Jan. 24, will be sold at 20 cents each between the hours of 12 and 1, tomorrow, Jan. 21, at Miller's Book Store. This is an entertainment you can not afford to miss so take advantage of the opportunity to get a ticket for 20 cents.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. It invigorates the entire system and strengthens the kidneys so they eliminate the impurities from the blood. Backache, rheumatism, kidney and bladder troubles are all cured by this great medicine.

Sold by all druggists

George Bartlett went to Columbia City today on business.

## EVANGELISTS

### Make Earnest Appeals at the Various Churches.

#### FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

The service last night was largely attended and the interest exceedingly good. The evangelist preached a very interesting sermon from Luke 15-10 "Likewise, I say unto you, there is joy in the presence of the angels of God over one sinner that repenteth." The sermon was full of good thought from beginning to end. He emphasized the necessity of true repentance. Without true repentance there can be no forgiveness. Every one must repent for himself, no one can repent for another. There was considerable conviction in the audience last night. Many are seriously considering the question of salvation.

Subject for this evening: "The Gale Way to Heaven." Don't fail to hear the evangelist on this very important subject. It is to your interest to attend the service tonight. It is an actual loss to any member of the church to miss one of these services. The Wednesday afternoon service was well attended and the talk by the evangelist was very helpful and inspiring to the church. Arrange to attend every afternoon and evening. Come and bring your friends. The public cordially invited to attend. It was good to see so many men in the audience last night. We would be glad to see as many men as women attend these services. Let every man make a special effort to be present this evening.

#### FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

The sermon last night was on "Christ The Bread of Life." The sermon really was based on the whole chapter. This is called the "bread chapter." The speaker clearly showed that men were spending their money for that which is not bread. This bread is satisfying, it is for all, and it is free. One does not have to put up so much money to learn how to be healed, he does not have to take a journey to some designated "Mecca" to find it, he does not have to graduate in the science of some late cult to obtain it, he does not have to do penance or nominally conform to some ordinance. He just believes in Christ, and life is his. Mr. Fradenburg is preaching some plain practical sermons which are helpful to all his hearers. He is clear, forceful and sympathetic. Not near all of our own people have gotten into sympathy with these meetings. Come and unite in the prayer circle now being organized to covenant for special prayer for a gracious revival and for the salvation of the lost. Let us be about our Master's business and secure a blessing while the Lord is passing by. Meeting this evening at the usual hour. Come, and bring a friend with you.

#### DR. HERALD ON REGENERATION.

A large receptive audience greeted Dr. Herald last evening at the Presbyterian church and the audience heard a magnificent sermon. "Ye Must Be Born Again," was an old text but in a fresh light. Regeneration was defined as a radical change of heart which restored man to the favor of God which he forfeited in Adam's Fall. By this change man is quickened in every faculty of the mind and in every organ of the body and becomes a new man in Christ Jesus. As Christ called Lazarus from the grave and he instantly arose so he calls the sinner from death to life. No human relationship or human effort can accomplish this—Culture is prostituted when it is substituted for religion. The most brilliant social star of the fashionable function of the cultured and refined is nothing better than a whited sepulchre if he has not been born of the spirit. Everyman should seek this charge, or what is even simpler. Believe on the Lord Jesus now and the work is done.

Turn out tonight and hear another of these discourses.

Watch for spring opening soon at A. Sclarra, the tailor, 14 E. Second St.

## DREAMLAND TONIGHT

"The Daughter of Virginia's British Governor"

Illustrated Song "OGALLA"

By Miss Lois Reynolds.

## MATT BUILDING

### On E. Second Street Sold to I. C. & L. Traction Company.

The Indianapolis, Columbus and Southern Traction Company has purchased of Mrs. Margaret Matt, the east half of the brick building adjoining the present interurban station, which they will use for Traction purposes. The building was recently vacated by the Seymour Hide and Leather Company, who have occupied the same for several years. Frank Smith as agent was here this week and closed the trade. The property adjoins the interurban car sheds on the west and is a two story brick building. It is understood that a car repair shop will occupy the rear end of the first floor and that another track will be laid in the front part of the building far enough back to let one car clear the sidewalk. This will give an opportunity to drop off a car here frequently for repairs that might otherwise have to be deadheaded to Columbus and will give work to possibly two more men at the car barns here than at present. In order to let the cars in the building it will be necessary to raise the ceiling and the second floor of the building about four feet. The second floor may be repaired and made into rooms for rental purposes and possibly occupied by the traction company later. The company will probably begin the work of remodeling the building soon and have it ready for use by the early spring. The tools which are now kept in the freight department will be transferred to the new shops when completed and thus the congestion in the freight department will be relieved and more room will be given for the rapid loading and unloading of freight.

## CAUSES SICKNESS.

### Good Health Impossible with a Disordered Stomach.

There is nothing that will create sickness or cause more trouble than a disordered stomach, and many people daily contract serious maladies simply through disregard or abuse of the stomach.

We urge every one suffering from any stomach derangement, indigestion or dyspepsia, weather acute or chronic, to Try Dyspepsia Tablets, with the distinct understanding that we will refund their money without question or formality, if after reasonable use of this medicine they are not satisfied with the results. We recommend them to our customers every day, and have yet to hear of anyone who has not been benefited by them. Three sizes, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 a box. Sold in Seymour only at our store, —The Rexall Store. The Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### New Policeman on Duty.

P. J. Welsh, who was appointed night policeman by the council Monday evening, was sworn in and began his duties Tuesday evening. Mr. Welsh was appointed over a number of other applicants, and will impartially perform the duties of his new office.

You have got to clean and purify the stomach pow or you'll easily catch the diseases around. Guard your health, keep away diseases by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea once a week. See how easy t'will keep you well and strong. Begin tonight. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Vaudeville in connection with moving pictures at Nickelo "Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Mrs. Hecker with troupe of nine performing dogs. H. F. Hecker in Magic. Prof. Ade with talking figures. Admission five cents. j21d

Try the New Lynn barber shop. First class work. Adjoining grill room. CLEVELAND STEWART, prop. j21d

Fresh fish at Sweeney's stand. 18dtf

## The Best Line of Groceries in the City at Lowest Prices.

Mayes Cash Grocery

Phone 88. All goods delivered.

## Rebekahs.

About fifty of the Rebekahs of this city went to Crothersville Wednesday evening to attend a special meeting of Minnie Lodge No. 125 of that place and all unite in saying it was one of the most enjoyable meetings they have ever had the pleasure of attending. They were met at the station by a committee and escorted to Beldon's Hall which had been secured for the accommodation of the large number in attendance. The degree was conferred by the degree staff of Minnie lodge which is one of the best in the state and was thoroughly enjoyed from start to finish by all present. At the close of the business session all repaired to the I. O. O. F. hall which had been turned into a banquet hall and most beautifully decorated for the occasion where an elegant two course luncheon was served consisting of oyster soup, pickles, celery, sandwiches, coffee and cake. At the conclusion of the feast a splendid program of recitations, instrumental and vocal music was rendered in a very creditable manner to all those taking part. Those attending from here returned home this morning on the 1:15 car and are loud in their praises of the hospitality extended them by the good people of Crothersville. The event will long be remembered. A large number of visitors from Scottsburg and Austin were also present.

Among those going down from this city were George Short, Grace Love, Glen Kennard, Ed Hopewell, Eva Cartwright, Sadie Myers, Ora Jones, Lena Jones, Addie Reynolds, Effie Smith, Aileen Brown, Louise Aufderheide, Mrs. Grace Aufderheide, Mrs. Henry Kasperlain, Anna Kasperlain, Carl Switzer, Mary Shepard, Mrs. J. B. Shepard, Anna Abel, Mr. and Mrs. John Lockmund, Mr. and Mrs. David Baird, Mrs. J. H. Hopewell, Della Hopewell, Mrs. Pearl DeGolyer, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Graham, Mrs. Henry Brethauer and Mrs. Frank Brettbauer.

## Resolutions.

Hall of Seymour Lodge, No. 204, I. O. O. F.

Brother C. C. Frey departed this life on January 8th, and as we meditate on his death and let our memory go back over years and years of lodge work, we realize that our late brother left a strong impression of his individuality on our work of Friendship, Love and Truth, as long as his health permitted him to take an active part in the affairs of our Lodge.

RESOLVED: That we sincerely sympathize with the family of our departed Brother in the loss we have all sustained through this bereavement.

RESOLVED: That our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days in memory of our late Brother, and that a copy of this memorial be sent to the bereaved widow.

Respectfully submitted in F. L. and T.

WM. MESEKE  
CHAS. ROEGER  
BIRCH SHUTTS,  
Committee.

Seymour, Ind., Jan. 18, 1910.

## Notice.

The Spiritual Society, of Seymour, wants the public to know that Queen Dixie did not come to Seymour through any influence of the Spiritualists and is not endorsed by them in any way, and we take this method of letting our friends know that she is purely a fortune teller and in no sense of the word a medium in the judgment of the committee.

SPIRITUAL SOCIETY?

## Birthday Party.

A pleasant surprise was given Miss Emma Ortstadt Tuesday evening in honor of her thirteenth birthday anniversary. Games of various kinds were played and an excellent luncheon was served. Miss Ortstadt was recipient of a number of pretty and useful presents.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Matthews and family, who have been in Seymour for the past two years, left for Cincinnati Wednesday for future residence. Mr. Matthews has been employed at Leroy Miller's book store.

Country headcheese at Hoosier grocery. j22d

Have Berdon, the barber, shave you

## AT THE NICKELO TONIGHT

"A Pair of Slippers" and "Bachelor and the Maid"

Two Comedies

ILLUSTRATED SONG:

"I Don't Want The Morning To Come"

By MISS ANNA E. CARTER

## St. Gaudens' Memorial.

It has been said that "An artist is not a man, but one of the forces of nature."

Augustus Saint Gaudens, from an obscure apprentice, became America's greatest sculptor in less than thirty years, and why? There exists for hundreds—clever fingers, keen eyes and powerful minds, but all these together will not make a master artist. It is the ability to feel the subject, that is the grand keynote of success, and that was St. Gaudens' charm. His work is not easy to express. His statues almost quiver with pulsating life, so interwoven with the sense of the living. But from the time his first work "Admiral Farragut" was set upon its worthy pedestal in Madison Square, American art has been colored by the powerful influence of Saint Gaudens.

The figure "Farragut" does not move but is ready to do so, the arms do not gesticulate, but are ready, the mouth ready to speak. The secret is the reserve force, the look of power. He found his joy in the expression of personality and so with all his wonderful work.

When "Lincoln" was unveiled in Chicago, it was hailed as the greatest portrait statue in the United States, and has remained so.

When one stands before his "General Sherman" in Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, it is like coming face to face with a real man of wonderful personality.

Some think "Sherman," St. Gaudens' greatest work, but posterity would select Shaw Memorial in Boston, one of the masterpieces of the 19th century. There is nothing like it or even suggestive of it in the annals of art. It was not raised to one man, but to the memory of all who shared in that episode of the Rebellion, making it the most impressive monument of modern times. Other wonderful pieces are, "The Adams Memorial," "The Randall," "Deacon Chapin," "Amor Caritas," "Hiawatha," "Silence" and many others. About eighteen months ago St. Gaudens died into immortality. The critics asked, what shall be his monument?—and the people replied—His own masterpieces. So after months of costly endeavor, this grand American's artistic achievements were brought together in New York. So great was the impression made by this wonderful collection, that other cities clamored to exhibit these treasures, and to-day at the John Herron Art Institute in Indianapolis one may see them.

At much expense this great man's work that has been acclaimed faultless, was installed, and during months of January and February will still remain at Herron Art.

On Saturday, January 22nd, 4 p. m. at Dreamland the ladies of the Tuesday Club most cordially invite the public and especially those interested in Art and St. Gaudens' Memorial, to a lecture by William Fox, director of Herron Art Institute, which we trust will be enjoyed by all. The lecture is free.

## We Give You Express Service At Freight Rates To and From LOUISVILLE I. & L. Traction Co.

## After Holiday Sale

Everything in Our Store Reduced for 10 Days Only.

The following articles one-third off: Talking machines, records, violins, guitars, banjos, accordions, sheet music, etc.

### NOVELTIES

Art brass, hammered brass, statuary, Pompeian ware, French mirrors, steins, art pictures, leather goods, music rolls post-card albums, etc.

### SHEET MUSIC

Special lot at 2c, 5c and 10 cts. a copy.

All pianos and player pianos included in this discount.

## Weithoff-Kernan Music Co.

B. E. Weithoff

for cleaning and pressing men's and women's garments, dry cleaning, chemical cleaning, scouring and dyeing. Work firstclass. Prices always reasonable. Each piece receives personal attention and all work fully guaranteed. Don't forget the name and the place.

B. E. Weithoff

Corner St. Louis Ave. and Chestnut St.

## The Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

## Registered Pharmacists

Prescriptions Correctly Compounded

Phone Your Wants

Old Phone 400 New Phone 633

## WHAT YOU DON'T PAY A BIG PRICE

For BAKING POWDER when you can buy our famous brand, known by everybody, and complies with the Pure Food Law as strictly pure.

Large Size Can 10c.

## BLUE RIBBON

That's the name. No other in town.

HOADLEY'S Cut Rate Grocery



# Smiles of the Day

## Good at Addition.

Sammy's mother talked to him long and earnestly about the poor marks he had been getting in his work at school. She painted in alluring colors the career of the little boy who studies his lessons and gains the love and respect of his teachers. She went even farther; she promised him that if he got good marks she would give him a whole dime, all for his own. Sammy seemed impressed.

That afternoon he returned from school fairly dancing with joy.

"Oh, mother," he shouted, "I got a hundred!"

"Sammy!" cried his delighted mother. She hugged him and kissed him and petted him and gave him the dime.

"And what did you get a hundred in?" she finally asked him.

"In two things," replied Sammy, without hesitation. "I got forty in readin' and sixty in spellin'."—Everybody's.

## In Fowlville.



Mr. Dorkin—Of all the fool fashions you women take up! Now what will be the good of that immense beaver hat when it goes out of style?

Mrs. Dorkin—Chump! Look what a warm nest it will make.

**The Depotism of the Press.**  
We clip the following for the benefit of those who doubt the power of the press:

"Owing to the overcrowded condition of our columns, a number of births and deaths are unavoidably postponed this week."—Everybody's Magazine.

## Squelched.

The dapper little traveling man glanced at the menu and then looked up at the pretty waitress. "Nice day, little one," he began.

"Yes, it is," she answered, "and so was yesterday, and my name is Ella, and I know I'm a little peach, and have pretty blue eyes, and I've been here quite a while and like the place, and I don't think I'm too nice a girl to be working in a hotel; if I did I'd quit my job; and my wages are satisfactory; and I don't know if there is a show or dance in town to-night, and if there is I shall not go with you, and I'm from the country, and I'm a respectable girl, and my brother is cook in this hotel, and he weighs 200 pounds and last week he wiped up this dining room floor with a fresh \$50-a-month traveling man who tried to make a date with me. Now, what'll you have?"

The dapper little traveling man said he was not very hungry, and a cup of coffee and some hot cakes would do.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

## There's a Reason.

Mr. Dubbs (with newspaper)—It tells here, my dear, how a progressive New York woman makes her social calls by telephone.

Mrs. Dubbs—Progressive. Huh! She's probably like me—not a decent thing to wear.—Boston Transcript.

## A Strange Coin.

Nephew (just returned from abroad)—This franc piece, aunt, I got in Paris.

Aunt Hepsy—One of them Latin quarters they talk so much about.—Boston Transcript.

## A Gentle Hint.



Mrs. Henry Peck—I don't know what to buy mother for a birthday present, do you?

Mr. Henry Peck—Yes; buy her a traveling bag.

## Its Language.

"Pop, did you say a bird told you about how I was naughty yesterday?"

"Yes, my son."

"Pop, did it tell you in pigeon English?"—Baltimore American.

## The Aftermath.

"Christmas is a hard day for the women," said Mr. Nippy as he watched his wife basting the turkey.

"Yes," said she, "but think of the days and days afterward when we don't have to cook at all."—Newark News.

## Good Place for Camels.

Governor Glasscock, of West Virginia, while travelling through Arizona, noticed the dry, dusty appearance of the country.

"Doesn't it ever rain around here?"

"Rain?" The native spat. "Rain? Why, say, pardner, there's bullfrogs in this yere town over five years old that hain't learned to swim yet."—Everybody's Magazine.

## Editorial Omniscience.

"Father," said the small boy of an editor, "is Jupiter inhabited?" "I don't know, my son," was the truthful answer. Presently he was interrupted again. "Father, are there any sea serpents?" "I don't know, my son." The little fellow was manifestly cast down, but presently rallied and again approached the great source of information. "Father, what does the north pole look like?" But alas! again the answer, "I don't know, my son." At last, in desperation he inquired, with withering emphasis, "Father, how did you get to be an editor?"—Concordia Kansan.

## Another Tong War.

Silas (reading morning paper)—I see, Mandy, they're having another war of the Tongs down thar in China town.

Mandy—Land sakes! You'd think with all them Chinese laundries around that flatirons would be handier things tew fight with.—Judge.

## A Surmise.

"What is Mrs. Gabson's favorite book?"

"I don't know," answered Miss Cayenne; "from the interest she takes in knowing the names, occupations and home surroundings of everybody she sees I should think it ought to be the city directory."—Washington Star.

## Cause of Delay.

He was the bridegroom, and he was waiting at the church.

"I can't imagine why my bride is late," he said.

"Well, you will," replied the best man, "after you're married. They are hooking her dress up the back!"—Yonker's Statesman.

## An Obliging Doctor.

Sick Wife—Doctor, I will double your fee if you will prescribe a trip to the seashore.

Doctor—Very well, madam, I shall do so.

Sick Wife—What were you intending to prescribe?

Doctor—A trip to the seashore.—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

## A Last Resort.

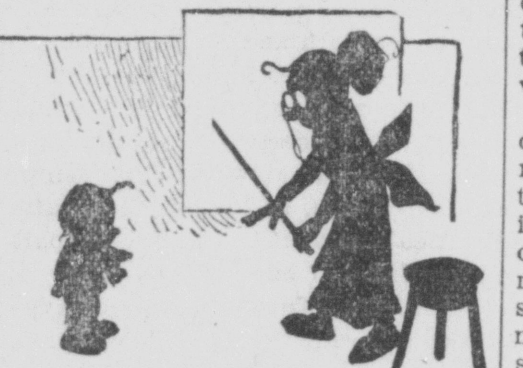
"You remind me so much of my brother," she said coyly as they sat in the parlor.

"I'm awfully glad of that," he answered gallantly. "I have always admired your brother. In what way am I most like him?"

"Well, Harry seems awfully fond of me, yet he never offers to kiss me."

After that it was unnecessary for her to ring in any of her relatives.—St. Louis Star.

## Too Easy.



"Now, Willie, what's the difference between one yard and two yards?"

"A fence! Gimme a harder one!"

## Cold Comfort.

In a country store a young boy was under discussion by the cracker-barrel committee. Jones had just remarked, "That boy's a regular fool. He doesn't know nothing; he don't know enough to come in when it rains." Then he discovered the boy's father, who had overheard the remark, and, wishing to appease him, he said, "Well, Sam, 'tain't your fault. You learned him all you knew."—Lippincott's.

## Reasons Enough.

Father—You seem to look at things in a very different light since your marriage.

His Newly Married Daughter—Well, I ought to, after receiving fourteen lamps and nine candelabra for wedding presents.—Tit-Bits.

## Out of Hearing.

Rodrick—In the stock market news I see there is money on call.

Van Albert (sadly)—On call, eh? Well, if I should call with a megaphone none of it would reach me.—Mobile Item.

## Another Knock.

First Actor—I approached the clerk of the Red Dog Inn and told him actors deserved special terms.

Second Actor—Ah, indeed! And what did he say?

First Actor—He said they deserved six-month terms in the county workhouse.—Chicago Journal.

## Sure of His Answer.

An individual, well known on the Berlin Bourse for his wit, one morning wagered that he would ask the same question of fifty different persons and receive the same answer from each. The wit went to first one and then another, until he had reached the number of fifty. And this is how he won the bet: "I say, have you heard that Meyer has failed?" "What Meyer?" queried the whole fifty one after another, and it was decided that the bet had been fairly won.—The Argonaut.

## Plenty of Poor Stuff.

"But do you think," asked the visitor in the local option town, "that prohibition really prevents?"

"Well," replied the native, "it prevents a fellow from getting the best of whisky, but it doesn't prevent whisky from getting the best of him."—Catholic Standard and Times.

## A MAN WHO HAD COURAGE.

In St. Ives, in Land's End, bird killing used to flourish almost without protest. It has not wholly ceased yet, to be sure, but one little incident took place which seems to have been remembered here and there, and to have brought about a merciful truce. In "The Land's End" W. H. Hudson relates the occurrence as he heard of it. He was talking one day to a woman who deplored the way her fellow countrymen were killing birds of all kinds. "I'm sure," she said, "that if some one living here would go about among the people and talk to the men and boys, and not be afraid of anything, but try to get the police and magistrates to help him, he could get these things stopped in time, just as Mr. Ebbelthwaite did about the gulls."

Who was Mr. Ebbelthwaite, and what was it he did about the gulls? I had been, off and on, a long time in the place, and had talked about the birds with a score of people, without ever hearing this name mentioned. And as to the gulls, they were well enough protected by the sentiment of the fisherfolk.

But it had not been so always. On inquiry, I found twenty persons to tell me all about Mr. Ebbelthwaite, who had been very well known to every-

body in the town, but as he had been dead some years, nobody had remembered to tell me about him.

It now came out that the very strict protection awarded to the gulls at St. Ives dates back only about fifteen to eighteen years. The fishermen always had a friendly feeling for the birds, as is the case of all the fishing places on the coast, but they did not protect them from persecution, although the chief persecutors were their own children.

People, natives and visitors, amused themselves by shooting the gulls along the cliffs and in the harbor. Harrying the gulls was the popular amusement of the boys; they were throwing stones at them all day long, and caught them with baited hooks, and set gins baited with fish on the sands, and no person forbade them.

Then Mr. Ebbelthwaite appeared on the scene. He came from a town in the north of England, in broken health, and here he stayed a number of years, living alone in a small house down by the waterside. He was very fond of the gulls and fed them every day; but his example had no effect on others, nor had his words when he went about day after day on the beach, trying to persuade people to desist from these senseless brutalities.

Finally he succeeded in getting a number of boys summoned for cruelty before the magistrates, and although no convictions followed, nor could be obtained, since there was no law or

by-law to help him in such a case, he yet in this indirect way accomplished his object. He made himself unpopular, and was jeered and denounced as an interfering person, especially by the women; but some of the fishermen now began to pluck up spirit and second his efforts, and in a little while it came to be understood that, law or no law, the gulls must not be persecuted.

That is what Mr. Ebbelthwaite did. For me it was to "say something," and I have now said it. Doing and saying come to pretty much the same thing. At all events, I have on this occasion kept Ruskin's words in mind concerning the futility of prodding and scratching at that thick, insensible crust which lies above the impressive part in men unless we come through with a deep thrust somewhere.

## TAME SEA GULLS.

**Caught Young and Kept Around House, They Have Never Left It.**

I have had a pair of tame gulls for the last five years, a writer in the Field says. I got them from Scariff Island when they were about three months old and had their wings cut.

For about two years they used to run about with the fowls and would eat anything in the way of meat, bread and cakes. I was advised to put them into the garden to eat the slugs, but I found they were fonder of strawberries and so removed them. They are not a bit afraid of dogs or cats. When

their wings were well grown I let them fly to sea (which is only about five minutes from my home).

They always came back about our meal hours. I called them Paddy and Polly. Paddy is afraid of nothing; he comes into the dining room and walks around the table, taking food from everyone, and one day he had the boldness to turn two cats from their saucer of bread and milk and finished the contents himself. Another day we were having tea outside the hall door when he flew on to the table and helped himself to bread and butter. If there is no one in the front of the house they fly around to the back and tap at one of the kitchen windows to be fed.

They go away sometimes for three or four weeks in the autumn during the mackerel fishing season, and I expect they get food enough at the fishing curing station, about a mile away. Sometimes they have brought young ones with them on their return, but the latter never get very tame and generally go away when they have acquired their full plumage.

## The Philosopher of Folly.

"I see by the papers," says the philosopher of folly, "that the dentists will form a trust. I suppose it will be known as the 'Teething Ring.'"—Cleveland Leader.

Wireless telegraph apparatus is prohibited in British India except upon government license.

# Don't Weep At The Ice House.

Some people swell up on "emotion" brewed from absolute untruth.

It's an old trick of the leaders of the Labor Trust to twist facts and make the "sympathetic ones" weep at the ice house. (That's part of the tale further on.)

Gompers et al. sneer at, spit upon and defy our courts, seeking sympathy by falsely telling the people the courts were trying to deprive them of free speech and free press.

Men can speak freely and print opinions freely in this country and no court will object, but they cannot be allowed to print matter as part of a criminal conspiracy to injure and ruin other citizens.

Gompers and his trust associates started out to ruin the Bucks Stove Co., drive its hundreds of workmen out of work and destroy the value of the plant without regard to the fact that hard earned money of men who worked, had been invested there.

The conspirators were told by the courts to stop these vicious "trust" methods, (efforts to break the firm that won't come under trust rule), but instead of stopping they "dare" the courts to punish them and demand new laws to protect them in such destructive and tyrannous acts as they may desire to do. \* \* \* The reason Gompers and his band persisted in trying to ruin the Bucks Stove Works was because the stove company insisted on the right to keep some old employees at work when "de union" ordered them discharged and some of "de gang" put in.

Now let us reverse the conditions and have a look.

Suppose the company had ordered the union to dismiss certain men from their union, and the demand being refused, should institute a boycott against that union, publish its name in an "unfair list," instruct other manufacturers all over the United States not to buy the labor of that union, have committees call at stores and threaten to boycott if the merchants sold anything made by that union. Picket the factories where members work and slug them on the way home, blow up their houses and wreck the works, and even murder a few members of the boycotted union to teach them they must obey the orders of "organized Capital?"

It would certainly be fair for the company to do these things if lawful for the Labor Trust to do them.

In such a case, under our laws, the boycotted union could apply to our courts and the courts would order the company to cease boycotting and trying to ruin these union men. Suppose thereupon the company should sneer at the court and in open defiance continue the unlawful acts in a persistent, carefully laid out plan, purposely intended to ruin the union and force its members into poverty. What a howl would go up from the union demanding that the courts protect them and punish their law-breaking oppressors. Then they would praise the courts and go on earning a living protected from ruin and happy in the knowledge that the people's courts could defend them.

How could any of us receive protection from law-breakers unless the courts have power to, and do punish such men.

The court is placed in position where it must do one thing or the other—punish men who persist in defying its peace orders or go out of service, let anarchy reign and the more powerful destroy the weaker.

Peaceable citizens sustain the courts as their defenders, whereas thieves, forgers, burglars, crooks of all kinds and violent members of labor unions, hate them and threaten violence if their members are punished for breaking the law. They want the courts to let them go free and at the same time demand punishment for other men "outside de union" when they break the law. \* \* \* Notice the above reference is to "violent" members of labor unions. The great majority of the "unheard" union men are peaceable, upright citizens. The noisy, violent ones get into office and the leaders of the great Labor Trust know how to mass this kind of men,

in labor conventions and thus carry out the leaders' schemes, frequently abhorrent to the rank and file: so it was at the late Toronto convention.

The paid delegates would applaud and "resolute" as Gompers wanted, but now and then some of the real workmen insist on being heard, sometimes at the risk of their lives.

Delegate Egan is reported to have said at the Toronto convention:

"If the officers of the federation would only adhere to the law we would think a lot more of them."

The Grand Council of the Provincial Workmen's Ass'n of Canada has declared in favor of severing all connection with unions in the U. S., saying "any union having its seat of Gov't in America, and pretending to be international in its scope, must fight industrial battles according to American methods. Said methods have consequences which are abhorrent to the law-abiding people of Canada involving hunger, misery, riot, bloodshed and murder, all of which might be termed a result of the practical war now in progress in our fair province and directed by foreign emissaries of the United Miners of America."

That is an honest Canadian view of our infamous "Labor Trust." A few days ago the daily papers printed the following: (By the Associated Press.) Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.—Characterizing the attitude of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor in the contempt proceedings in the courts of the District of Columbia, in connection with the Bucks Stove and Range Company, as "a willful, premeditated violation of the law," Simon Burns, general master workman of the general assembly, Knights of Labor, has voiced a severe condemnation of these three leaders. Mr. Burns expressed his confidence in courts in general and in those of the District of Columbia in particular.

## APPROVED BY DELEGATES.

This rebuke by Burns was in his annual report to the general assembly of his organization. He received the hearty approval of the delegates who heard it read at their annual meeting in this city.

"There is no trust or combination of capital in the world," said Mr. Burns, "that violates laws oftener than do the trust labor organizations, which resort to more dishonest, unfair and dishonorable methods toward their competitors than any trust or combinations in the country."

Mr. Burns said the action of "these so-called leaders" would be harmful for years to come whenever attempts were made to obtain labor legislation.

"The Labor Digest," a reputable workingman's paper, says, as part of an article entitled "The Beginning of the End of Gompersism, many organizations becoming tired of the rule-or-ruin policies which have been enforced by the president of the A. F. of L."

"That he has maintained his leadership for so long a time in the face of his stubborn clinging to policies which the more thoughtful of the workingmen have seen for years must be abandoned, has been on account partly of the sentimental feeling on the part of the organizations that he ought not to be deposed, and the unwillingness of the men who were mentioned for the place to accept a nomination in opposition to him. In addition to this, there is no denying the shrewdness of the leader of the A. F. of L., and his political sagacity, which has enabled him to keep a firm grip on the machinery of the organization, and to have his faithful henchmen in the positions where they could do him the most good whenever their services might be needed.

"Further than this, he has never failed, at the last conventions, to have some sensation to spring on the convention at the psychological moment, which would place him in the light of a martyr to the cause of unionism, and excite a wave of sympathetic enthusiasm for him, which would carry the delegates off their feet, and result in his re-election.

"That his long leadership, and this apparent impossibility to fill his place has gone to his head, and made him imagine that he is much greater a man than he really is, is undoubtedly the case, and accounts for the tactics he has adopted in dealing with questions before congress, where he has unnecessarily antagonized men to whom organized labor must look for recognition of their demands, and where labor measures are often opposed on account of this very antagonism, which would otherwise receive support.

"There is no doubt but what organized labor in this country would be much stronger with a leader who was more in touch with conditions as they actually exist, and who would bring to the front the new policies which organized labor must adopt if it expects to even maintain its present standing, to say nothing of making future progress."

We quote portions of another article, a reprint, from the same labor paper:

"Organized labor, through its leaders, must recognize the mistakes of the past if they expect to perpetuate their organizations or to develop the movement which they head. No movement, no organization, no nation can develop beyond the intellects which guide these organizations, and if the leaders are dominated by a selfish motive the organization will become tinged with a spirit of selfishness, which has never appealed to mankind in any walk of life at any time since history began.

"It can be said in extenuation of certain leaders of organized labor that the precarious position which they occupy as leaders has had a tendency to cause them to lose sight of the object behind the organization. The natural instinct in man for power and position is in no small measure responsible for the mistakes of the leaders, not necessarily in labor unions alone, but in every branch of society. This desire for power and leadership and personal aggrandizement causes men who have been earnest and sincere in their efforts in the start to deteriorate into mere politicians whose every act and utterance is tinged with the desire to cater to the baser passions of the working majority in the societies or organizations and this is undoubtedly true when applied to the present leaders of the Federation. We mention the Federation of Labor particularly in this article because that organization is the only organization of labor which has yet found itself in direct opposition to the laws of the land. There are other organizations of labor whose leaders have made mistakes, but they have always kept themselves and their organizations within the bounds of the law and respected the rights of every other man in considering the rights of themselves and their constituency; whereas, the motto of the Federation is just the reverse, and unless the leaders conform themselves and their organization in accordance with the laws of the land, the leaders and the organization itself must be disintegrated and pass into history, for in America the common sense in mankind is developed to a greater extent than in any other nation on the earth, and the people, who are the court of last resort in this country, will never allow any system to develop in this country which does not meet with the approval of the majority of the citizens of the country.

"This must have forced itself upon the leaders of the Federation by this time. If it has not, the leaders must be eliminated. The organization which they head has done many meritorious things in times past and the people are always ready and willing to acknowledge the benefits which their efforts have brought to their constituency as a whole, but at the present time labor organizations in general, and the Federation of Labor in particular, stand before the bar of public opinion, having been convicted of selfishness and a disposition to rule all the people of the country in the interest of the few. The people are patient and awaiting to see if the object lesson which they have been forced to

give to these leaders is going to be recognized and if they are going to conform themselves and their future work and actions in accordance thereto."

Let the people remember that comment, "The Federation of Labor in particular stands before the bar of public opinion having been convicted of selfishness and a disposition to rule all the people of the country in the interest of the few."

The great 90 per cent of Americans do not take kindly to the acts of tyranny by these trust leaders openly demanding that all people bow down to the rules of the Labor Trust and we are treated to the humiliating spectacle of our Congress and even the Chief Executive entertaining these convicted law-breakers and listening with consideration to their insolent demands that the very laws be changed to allow them to safely carry on their plan of gaining control over the affairs of the people.

The sturdy workers of America have come to know the truth about these "martyrs sacrificing themselves in the noble cause of labor" but it's only the hysterical ones who swell up and cry over the aforesaid "heroes," reminding one of the two romantic elderly maids who, weeping copiously, were discovered by the old janitor at Mt. Vernon.

"What is it ails you ladies?" Taking the handkerchief from one swollen red eye, between sobs she said:

"Why, we have so long revered the memory of George Washington that we feel it a privilege to come here and weep at his tomb."

"Yas'm, yas'm, yo' shore has a desire to express yo' sympathy, but yo' are overflowin' at de wrong spot, yo' is weepin' at de ice house."

Don't get maudlin about law-breakers who must be punished if the very existence of our people is to be maintained.

If you have any surplus sympathy it can be extended to the honest workers who continue to earn food when threatened and are frequently hurt and sometimes killed before the courts can intervene to protect them.

Now the Labor Trust leaders demand of Congress that the courts be stripped of power to issue injunctions to prevent them from assaulting or perhaps murdering men who dare earn a living when ordered by the Labor Trust to quit work.

Don't "weep at the Ice House" and don't permit any set of law-breakers to bully our courts, if your voice and vote can prevent. Be sure and write your Representatives and Senators in Congress asking them not to vote for any measure to prevent the courts from protecting homes, property and persons from attack by paid agents of this great Labor Trust.

Let every reader write, and write now.

Don't sit silent and allow the organized and paid men of this great trust to force Congress to believe they represent the great masses of the American people. Say your say and let your representatives in Congress know that you do not want to be governed under new laws which would empower the Labor Trust leaders with legal right to tell you when to work, Where! For whom! At what price! What to buy! What not to buy! Whom to vote for! How much you shall pay per month in fees to the Labor Trust! etc., etc., etc.

This power is now being demanded by the passage of laws in Congress. Tell your Senators and Representatives plainly that you don't want them to vote for any measure that will allow any set of men either representing Capital or Labor to govern and dictate to the common people, who prefer to be free to go and come, work or not, and vote for whom they please.

Every man's liberty will disappear when the leaders of the great Labor Trust or any other trust can ride rough shod over people and mass their forces to prevent our courts from affording protection.

"There's a Reason."

C. W. POST, Battle Creek, Mich.





**TRIALS of the NEEDLE**

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, gripe or weaken. They are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves; invigorate instead of weaken. They enrich the blood and enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. For sale by all druggists in 10c and 25c sizes. If you need medical advice, write Munyon's Doctors. They will advise to the best of their ability absolutely free of charge. **MUNYON'S, 534 and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.**

Munyon's Cold Remedy cures a cold in one day. Price 25c. Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves in a few hours and cures in a few days. Price 25c.

#### Never Heard of It.

The elderly customer, whose library had been destroyed by fire, was trying to replace some of the rare old books that had vanished in smoke and flame.

"Have you a copy of 'Watson's Apology'?" he asked the salesman at the book store.

"His 'Apology'?" said the salesman. "Great Scott! He hasn't made any apology yet. He says every word he wrote about those Asquith women is true."—Chicago Tribune.

**STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.**

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

**A. W. GLEASON,**  
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

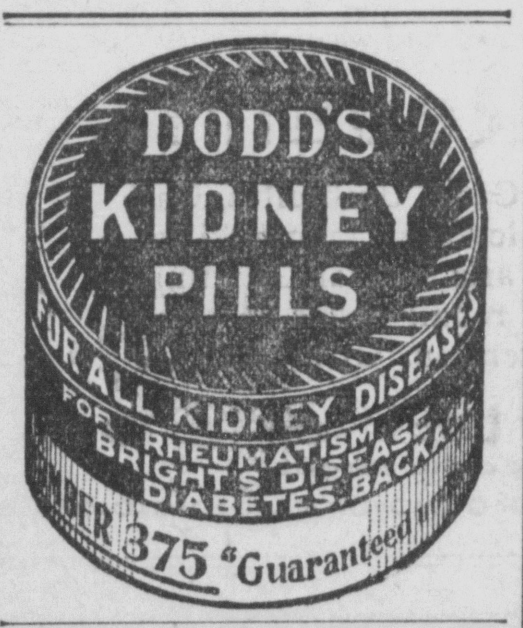
**F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.**  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

London annually makes use of 4,000,000 umbrellas, one-fourth of which are imported.

**Only One "BROMO QUININE"**  
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the world over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 2c.

**Johnny's Mistake.**  
Against his little playmate's breast. By her "I dare you" goaded, He pressed the pistol—ah, you've guessed? You're wrong! IT WASN'T LOADED!

**Would Be Taken Care Of.**  
"I fear I am not worthy of you." "Never mind about that," responded the young lady with the square jaw. "Between mother and myself we can effect the necessary improvements."—Louisville Courier-Journal.



## SICK HEADACHE

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. **REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.**

**PILES**

Pay if Cured. We pay postage and send FREE RED CROSS PILLS and Pile Cure.

**CALIFORNIA**

Beautiful Building Lots in the best growing town of Del Monte Heights, on the Bay of Monterey. The land of sunshine, fruit and flowers; now \$50 each. Title guaranteed—abstract with deed. Easy terms. Write quick. George W. Phelps Co., Seaside, Calif.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use **THOMPSON'S EYE WATER**

**BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES**

A preparation of superior merit for relieving Coughs, Hoarseness and Irritation of throat of great benefit in Lung Trouble, Bronchitis and Asthma. Free from opiates or any harmful ingredient. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00 per box. Sample mailed on request. **JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.**

## DENTISTRY 2,000 YEARS AGO.

**Fillings and Settings of Jadeite Made by Aztec Dentists.**

In the ancient Central American days so long past that no remnant of tradition concerning them lingered when Cortez landed, 300 years ago there was a good deal of fashion in dentistry, an exchange says. Separately entombed skeletons that have been discovered, probably those of titled people, since no burying grounds have been found, show that filing of teeth into patterns was common among the upper classes.

Almost every set of teeth that has been preserved gives evidence of the dentist's handiwork. The teeth were usually filed along the crown, with two or three levels of filing on a single tooth, giving it the aspect of a short flight of steps.

The fashion in Copan that was most striking was the insertion of jewels in the teeth. Once in a while now, when some actress seeks to be conspicuous, she will have a diamond set in a tooth. In doing this she is merely copying dead and gone Copan notables of a couple of thousand years ago, only they had no diamonds. The first process was the drilling of a neat hole in the face of the tooth, a delicate one when done with a stone tool.

These holes are clean and true and are not countersunk, as is often the case with the stone man's work. Then to fit the hole a bit of jadeite was fashioned. Jadeite, a brilliant mineral of about the hardness of quartz, seems to have been the most precious gem of these older people. Of it they fashioned the ear plugs that are the progenitors of the modern lady's earrings and brooches and beads for the neck and dress ornaments. Brought to a true fit, the stone was fashioned in its place by a cement so firm and lasting that the gems remain in the teeth to this day.

## A MONKEY'S MEMORY.

Jocko was a little monkey which was sent as a present from Demerara to a gentleman living in a town in eastern Pennsylvania. He found a good home with people who gave him privileges that few of his kind in captivity ever know. The playful antics of the little creature were ever a source of amusement to the family, who placed him in a room at the top of the house, and were very fond of him.

When Jocko had been in the family three years, his owners made arrangements to go abroad. Not knowing what to do with the monkey, they concluded to send him to the zoological garden in Philadelphia, where they knew he would be well cared for. The family felt sorry to part with him, but they knew it was all that could be done.

Seven years rolled round before they saw Jocko again; and then the former owner of Jocko, being in Philadelphia with his wife, went to the zoological garden to see him.

When they stood before the cage where the monkey, with a number of others, was confined, they peered in, trying to distinguish their own from among the other little creatures.

One of the monkeys reached his arm between the bars and plucked at the flowers on the woman's hat.

"Jocko!" she called. "Is that you, old fellow? Have you forgotten us?" The monkey seemed to recognize the voice, and made frantic efforts to reach the woman, while his old master went in search of the keeper, to request him to take Jocko out, that they might see what he would do, and if he really recognized his friends.

The man readily assented, and no sooner had the monkey attained his temporary freedom than he sprang upon his former master's shoulder and chattered away in his native tongue. Great tears welled up into his eyes and rolled down his face, which proved that he had not forgotten his friends, and that gratitude, one of the rarest virtues in the breast of mankind, was not wanting in the child of the forest.

**Locomotion.**  
They used to travel in a cart, Behind the faithful ox; It was not what is now called "smart."

But wheels beneath a box, Then in a more progressive age. Ambitious to go fast, Some genius built a Concord stage; The day of carts was past, Another genius thought of steam, He brought it into use;

It was the climax of his dream, And cooked the Concord's goose. Nor was this all, the auto next, Was born to burn the miles; The man on foot was sorely vexed, The man on board all smiles. "This is the end," the people said, But chanced to glance on high, To see, across the blue o'erhead, An aviator fly. But still inventors do not tire, Next week, or year, at most, Men, quick as message on a wire, Will flash from coast to coast. —Exchange.

## The Best Proof.

Little Ted, 7 years old, was sent to the bathroom for a "good scrub" before dinner, but returned so quickly that his mother declared he couldn't possibly have washed himself. He replied, "Truly I did, mother, and if you don't believe it you can just go to the bathroom and look at the towel."—Delinquent.

The woman who makes her own clothes is always harping on what she gave her husband in dressmaker's

## THINGS YOU MAY NOT KNOW.

The smokers of England consume 3,000,000,000 cigarettes every month.

The Swiss watchmaking industry has shrunk to half of its one-time size.

The oldest waiter in Germany, aged 77, recently retired from his work at Elbing.

North Carolina, South Dakota, Colorado, Alabama and Virginia, in the order named, lead in the production of mica.

In 1908 the American merchant marine carried only 1½ per cent of the freight between the United States and Uruguay.

France has followed the lead of the United States in the establishment of a laboratory for the investigation of mine accidents.

New Mexico produced 2,467,937 short tons of coal last year, a decrease of a trifle more than 6 per cent from the output of 1907.

The cruiser battleship Invincible of the British navy maintained a speed of 33¼ miles an hour for eight hours in a recent test.

Brazilian scientists have succeeded in developing a new variety of coffee, with unusually large, fine berries, which ripen very early.

English was spoken by 22,000,000 people at the beginning of the nineteenth century. Now more than 100,000,000 people speak it.

About 2,000,000,000 barrels of oil, or enough to fill the Panama canal twice, was produced in the United States during the last fifty years.

There are 240,000 different species of insects on the earth. Some are so small that 4,000 of them are only equal in size to a grain of sand.

Asbestos is being used now in the construction of warships to a considerable extent, to replace the inflammable wood and the heavy iron.

The pineapple is proving the most important and valuable of all the fruits in Formosa. A single firm had an output of 350,000 tons last year.

In Australia there are ants which build their nests along a north and south line so accurately that a traveler may direct his courses by their aid.

In Massachusetts tree planting is systematically conducted along the public highways. Fifteen thousand trees have been planted in a few years.

The project of linking India and Ceylon by a thirty-eight-mile railroad bridge that will have coral reefs to support its piers is again being agitated.

There are in Great Britain 510,000 holdings of over one acre, of which 67 per cent are under fifty acres, whereas only 3½ per cent are over 300 acres.

If some holes are punched through a coal shovel from the back, dust and slack will drift through and the roughened places will prevent coal sliding off.

A cigar lighter and incandescent lamp mounted on the same handle and operated by the current from ignition batteries, is a convenience for automobiles.

Of late there has been an extraordinary development of service in fine, new modern fast ships between South America and ports in England, Germany and Italy.

Work has begun in Germany on a university professor's airship, of the general plan of Count Zeppelin's, but larger and having wooden instead of aluminum frames.

Twelve geologists, seven topographers and three engineers, divided among fourteen field parties, are exploring the mysteries of Alaska for the geological survey.

A wire screen, supported at the ends by curved metal springs, has been patented by an Illinois man as a pillow, which is claimed to be cool and comfortable and sanitary.

Motor boat service has been introduced on the Vega canal from Mexico City to Lake Xochimilco, the trip being made in about three hours. S. Malo is the head of the concern.

A patent was recently issued for an arc lamp in which use is made of a mantle similar to that of a Welsh bag mantle, which surrounds the arc and is heated to incandescence thereby.

There is a telephone line over the Alps, but the record elevation in this respect belongs to the United States, there being a line at Camp Bird, Col., which is 13,000 feet above the sea level.

According to the census of 1905 the population of the five principal cities in Saxony was as follows: Dresden, 516,996; Leipzig, 503,627; Chemnitz, 244,927; Plauen, 106,381; and Zwickau, 68,502.

No matter at what time of the year the Japanese child is born, whether in May, the middle of summer, or late in December, it is always said to be one year old on the January 1 following its birth.

One kind of Mexican pineapple, known as the cayenne, is entirely free from spines, and the flesh is much more tender and juicy. These cost up to 75 cents apiece and the demand is far ahead of the supply.

The right kind of a conscience has handicapped many a man in the race for wealth.

## DEVELOPMENT OF CENTRAL CANADA.

**The Story of Big Yields of Grain Comes from Every Section.**

When the man in the States was told that he could get 160 acres of land in Central Canada—comprising the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—that under cultivation would produce from 20 to 30 bushels of wheat to the acre, or if seeded to oats the yield would be 40 to 60 bushels, he was skeptical. The same story was told the man who wished to get nearer to existing lines of railway, and was only asked to pay \$10 to \$12 an acre. But many tried it, some one plan and some another. The man who accepted the 160 acres as a free gift, as a home-stand, and was willing to put in the required residence duties of three years, has now a farm worth from fifteen to twenty dollars an acre. The man who chose to purchase, and did so, took up his residence just the same. He has land, that, in many cases, is worth twice the money he paid for it. Both have found that the story of splendid yields was verified. They have had crops exceeding that promised; they have seen oats that yielded 100 bushels to the acre, and have grown wheat that averaged 40 and as high as 50 bushels to the acre. Their wheat was not a 58 pounds to the bushel article, but 62 and 63 pounds. They have seen within the past year or two trunk lines of railway constructed through their district, and throwing out branch lines to the gates of their farm. They have seen schools established in their neighborhood and the government contributing largely to their expense. Churches have been erected, villages have been established, towns have sprung into existence, and cities are rapidly springing up, as if the magic hand of some unseen conjurer was at work. But it was not; it was the legitimate offering of the wealth of the field which made all these things come about, naturally, and easy. The prairie that three years ago was merely prairie, a patch of brown, just waiting for the ploughman, is to-day dotted with tilled farms and splendid homes. The line of elevators with their glistening metal fireproof sides and roofs, indicate the location of the town and the railroad. There is the glow of newness about it all, but the elevator, the splendid store buildings and the comfortable hostleries denote wealth—not imported wealth—beyond that of the strength of the man who fashioned and built them, but the wealth of the soil, which means that the newness will be followed by a steady growth. The writer recently was a passenger over the Grand Trunk Pacific, the latest factor in this great, marvelous field of development. The rapidity with which towns were being built up, the farmsteads occupied, was something even his experienced eye had not looked for. Everywhere along the line of this new transcontinental was the distinguishing mark of progress. There was not a mile of the length of the road from Winnipeg to Edmonton and west that did not bear token of its ability to pay tribute to the revenue of the road. Mention is made of this line, not because it is the last in the field, but because it is one of the best built roads on the continent and traverses one of the best districts of an excellent country. It is well operated, and already has gone into active service as another means of making it possible to secure more speedily transit from the grain fields to the shipping centers. It had been the intention in this article to have spoken of some of the yields of grain that have made the farmers of Central Canada contented this year, but space will not permit, so that delightful task will be taken up in another issue. In the meantime it would be well for the reader, if he is interested, to put himself in touch with some official of the Canadian government and get information that might be helpful in making a selection for a home in Central Canada, and become one of those who will be instrumental in building up a great county to the north. In doing so, you will be assisting the United States. In a few years' time the United States will be a wheat importer. Canada will supply the wheat and you will be one of the producers.

**Late Polar Controversy.**  
The king of France marched up the hill with 40,000 men.

"I wish plenty of witnesses," he explained.

His purpose accomplished, he forthwith marched down.—New York Sun.

**If You Are a Trifle Sensitive**  
About the size of your shoes, many people wear smaller shoes by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder to shake into the shoes. It cures Tired, Swollen, Aching Feet and gives rest and comfort. Just the thing for breaking in new shoes. Sold everywhere. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**The Professor.**  
The Doctor—One of my patients has been so worried by fear of burglars that she is in danger of losing her reason.

The Professor—Just a woman's reason!

**HEAD, BACK AND LEGS ACHES?**  
Ache all over? Throat sore with chill? That is La Grippe. Perry Davis' Painkiller will break it up if taken promptly. All dealers. 25c. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

The annual value of Britain's agricultural produce in years of prosperity is over \$10,000,000,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

**PUTNAM FADELESS DYES**  
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors.

**THE ROAD TO FAME.**  
A Southerner, noted for the liberality of his tips, stopped at a Baltimore hotel where colored porters predominated. His name was speedily known to every member of the serving fraternity, and his every wish anticipated. Soon after his arrival he sent his card to a friend who made his home in the hotel, but whose temperament happened to be quite the opposite of that of his open-handed caller—retiring, not given to "tipping," or any other form of sociability, and who therefore lived almost unknown to those about him.

The old "darker" who received the card studied it for a full minute.

"Scuse me, colonel," he said, "but I don't bleebe nobody by dat name come here dis mawning."

"This mawning!" returned the other. "Of course not! Mr. Blank has lived here for months. You know my name well enough, and I haven't been here a day. Do you mean to say you can't remember a man who has made his home here since some time last winter?"

"Scuse me, colonel, sah," began the old man, deferentially, "but you must know, sah"—as if uttering the subtle compliment—"dat dere's gemmans what can make demsels more notorious in one day, sah, dan odder gemmans does in a year, sah!"

**Boy Tortured by Eczema.**  
"When my boy was six years old, he suffered terribly with eczema. He could neither sit still nor lie quietly in bed, for the itching was dreadful. He would irritate spots by scratching with his nails and that only made them worse. A doctor treated him and we tried almost everything, but the eczema seemed to spread. It started in a small place on the lower extremities and spread for two years until it very nearly covered the back part of his leg to the knee.

"Finally I got Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills and gave them according to directions. I used them in the morning and that evening, before I put my boy to bed, I used them again and the improvement even in those few hours was surprising, the inflammation seemed to be so much less. I used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, the same of the Pills and the Soap and my boy was cured. My son is now in his seventeenth year and he has never had a return of the eczema.

"I took care of a friend's child that had eczema on its face and limbs and I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They acted on the child just as they did on my son and it has never returned. I would recommend the Cuticura Remedies to anyone. Mrs. A. J. Cochran, 1823 Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 20, 1909."

**No Formalities.**  
"You had a housewarming the other evening, Mrs. Guernsey? You didn't say a word about it to me!"

"O, it was quite impromptu and informal, Mrs. Jipes. The janitor turned on the heat."

**Tightness across the chest means a cold on the lungs.** It means misery and discomfort every minute, if nothing worth What's the answer? Rub the chest with Hamlin's Wizard Oil quick.

**Elston Avenue?**  
Stranger—Is this a pay-as-you-enter car?"

Native—That doesn't classify it accurately. It's a swear-as-you-enter car.

**PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.**  
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

**Radical.**  
"Talk about reformin' foot ball!" said Uncle Jerry Peebles. "The only way you kin reform it is to take an ax to it!"—Chicago Tribune.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

## WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

**CHILDREN LIKE PISO'S CURE**  
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

It is so pleasant to take—stops the cough so quickly. Absolutely safe too and contains no opiates.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

**Your Liver's Your Life**

A dead liver means awful sickness—don't let it come—when it can be prevented. Cascarets keep the liver lively and bowels regular and ward off serious, fatal illness.

CUT THIS OUT, mail it with your address to Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Ill., and receive a handsome souvenir gold Bon Bon Box FREE.

**RICE**  
100 Pounds of Beautiful, White, Clean Table Rice, fresh from the fields, cheaply mailed, delivered in double sacks, freight prepaid to your railroad station, 80c. E. D. CARAN, JR., RICE MANUFACTURER, DALLAS, TEXAS. Ref: Houston National Bank, Houston, Texas.

**BUGS**  
BUY A TRAP AND CLEAN UP YOUR BUGS. 5 for \$1.00, by mail, securely packed. Ajax Mfg. Co., ELIZABETH, N. J.

**AGENTS WANTED**  
To introduce our Beautiful Fine Cotton Fabrics. Large Spring Suits, Silks and Dress Goods. Free by express. Liberal credit to responsible agents. Write and ask territory. National Dress Goods Co. (Dept. B), 260 W. Broadway, N. Y. City.

**Prince Rupert, British Columbia**  
transcontinental railroad. No terminal city on Pacific less than 100,000. Great opportunities. Real estate lands, timber, fisheries. Write Law Butler Co., Prince Rupert, B. C.

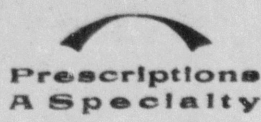
**MILLIONS**  
PAID SALTED PEANUTS. Our Peanuts are the greatest money getters known. Something new. Can be operated evenings. Terms easy. New England Vending Machine Co., New Haven, Conn.

**WANTED**  
Active and ambitious young men to take the place of players in minor league clubs. Address Box 509, Rochester, N. Y.

C. N. U. No. 2—1910

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE SAY you saw the advertisement in this paper.



DRUGS AND  
MEDICINESGEORGE F. MEYER'S  
DRUG STOREIndianapolis, Columbus and  
Southern Traction Co.

In effect Jan. 2, 1910.

North-bound		South-bound	
Cars Lv. Seymour	TO	Cars Ar. Seymour	FROM
7:00 a. m. ... I	C. ... 6:30 a. m.	8:10 a. m. ... I	G. ... 7:50 a. m.
8:10 a. m. ... I	C. ... 7:50 a. m.	9:03 a. m. ... I	G. ... 8:51 a. m.
9:03 a. m. ... I	C. ... 8:51 a. m.	9:17 a. m. ... I	G. ... 9:10 a. m.
10:03 a. m. ... I	C. ... 9:50 a. m.	11:03 a. m. ... I	G. ... 10:50 a. m.
11:03 a. m. ... I	C. ... 10:50 a. m.	11:17 a. m. ... I	G. ... 11:10 a. m.
12:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 11:50 a. m.	1:03 p. m. ... I	G. ... 12:50 p. m.
1:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 12:50 p. m.	1:17 p. m. ... I	G. ... 1:50 p. m.
2:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 2:10 p. m.	3:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 2:50 p. m.
3:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 3:50 p. m.	4:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 4:10 p. m.
5:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 4:50 p. m.	6:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 5:50 p. m.
6:17 p. m. ... I	C. ... 6:10 p. m.	7:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 6:50 p. m.
8:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 7:50 p. m.	9:03 p. m. ... I	C. ... 8:50 p. m.
10:45 p. m. ... G	C. ... 9:50 p. m.	11:55 p. m. ... G	C. ... 11:38 p. m.
I.—Indianapolis. G.—Greenwood.		C.—Columbus.	
*—Hoosier Flyers. *—Dixie Flyers.		x—Seymour-Indianapolis Limiteds.	

Cars make connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

Southern Indiana  
Railway Co.

North Bound.		No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lv Seymour	6:45am	12:20pm	5:30pm	
Lv Bedford	8:00am	1:38pm	6:45pm	
Lv Odon	9:07am	2:44pm	7:52pm	
Lv Elora	9:17am	2:54pm	8:02pm	
Lv Beehunter	9:32am	3:07pm	8:15pm	
Lv Linton	9:47am	3:22pm	8:30pm	
Lv Jasonville	10:11am	3:42pm	8:53pm	
Ar Terre Haute	11:00am	4:30pm	9:45pm	
No. 28 mixed leaves Westport at 4:40 p. m., arrives at Seymour 6:25 p. m.				
South Bound		No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lv Terre Haute	6:00am	11:15am	5:35pm	
Lv Jasonville	6:51am	12:08pm	6:27pm	
Lv Linton	7:12am	12:30pm	6:51pm	
Lv Beehunter	7:23am	12:43pm	7:04pm	
Lv Elora	7:38am	12:58pm	7:19pm	
Lv Odon	7:48am	1:08 pm	7:29pm	
Lv Bedford	8:00am	2:25 pm	8:40pm	
Ar Seymour	10:07am	3:35pm	9:50pm	
No. 25, Mixed, Leaves Seymour at 2:25 p. m., arrive at Westport 4:10 p. m.				
For time tables and further information, apply to local agent, or H. P. RADLEY, G. P. & T. A. Grand Opera House, Terre Haute.				

Indianapolis and Louisville  
Traction Company

In effect June 1, 1909.

Hoosier Flyers leave Seymour for Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at: 9:17, 11:17 a. m. and 1:17, 3:17, 6:17, 8:17 p. m.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at: 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at: 5:54, 7:54, 9:54, 11:54 a. m. and \*12:51, 2:51, 4:54, 6:54, \*8:54, \*11:00.

Local freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour and Jeffersonville and Louisville.

For rates and information see Agents and official time table folders in all cars.

\* For Scottsburg only.

H. D. MURDOCK, Supt.  
Scottsburg, IndANNA E. CARTER  
NOTARY PUBLICOffice at the Daily REPUBLICAN  
office, 108 West Second Street.  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK  
Piano Teacher,Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

## In Bad Fix

"I had a mishap at the age of 41, which left me in bad fix," writes Mrs. Georgia Usher, of Conyers, Ga. "I was unconscious for three days, and after that I would have fainting spells, dizziness, nervousness, sick headache, heart palpitation and many strange feelings. "I suffered greatly with ailments due to the change of life and had 3 doctors, but they did no good, so I concluded to try Cardui.

"Since taking Cardui, I am so much better and can do all my housework."

Take **CARDUI**  
The Woman's Tonic

Do not allow yourself to get into a bad fix. You might get in so bad you would find it hard to get out. Better take Cardui while there is time, while you are still in moderately good health, just to conserve your strength and keep you in tip top condition.

In this way your troubles, whatever they are, will gradually grow smaller instead of larger—you will be on the up-grade instead of the down—and by and bye you will arrive at the north pole of perfect health.

Get a bottle at your druggists' today.

## THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH } Editors and Publishers  
EDW. A. REMY }Entered at the Seymour, Indiana Postoffice  
as Second-class Matter.

## DAILY

One Year ..... \$5.00  
Six Months ..... 2.50  
Three Months ..... 1.25  
One Month ..... .45  
One Week ..... .20

## WEEKLY

One Year in Advance ..... \$1.00

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1910

THE annual session of the Jackson County Farmers' Institute is now in session in this city. Seymour extends a hearty welcome to the farmers and wishes them a successful and profitable meeting.

## Card Of Thanks.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I take this means of notifying my friends of the prompt settlement of the claim in the Knights of Columbus, on account of the death of my son, Louis M. Vogel, who carried an insurance policy in the above order to the amount of \$1000.00. The proofs of death were mailed to the National Secretary at New Haven, Conn., on December 24, 1909, and the check in full payment of said claim was given me January 13, 1910. This far exceeded my expectations, and I wish to thank the members of Seymour Council 1252 in their interest in my behalf.

CHAS. VOGEL.

Ernest May and William Hazzard, of near Reddington, were among the Redding township farmers who attended the farmers' institute here today.

**The Best Polish Made**

Used and Sold By Hardware Dealers

Have You Tried It?

**Get a Can Today**

## THE RIVER'S MENACE

The Weather Bureau Has Sent Out a  
Flood Warning.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Warnings of flood stages of the Ohio river and some of its larger tributaries have been issued by the weather bureau. On account of the warm weather and rains the Ohio river is gradually rising, although according to the forecast flood stages are not probable except from the vicinity of Evansville to the mouth of the Wabash river and at Pittsburg. Flood warnings were issued for the Little Kanawha, Muskingum, Scioto, Great Miami and lower Wabash and also for the Sandusky river.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrah that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrah Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

Want to Know Where They Stand.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 20.—A committee from the headquarters of the Burley Tobacco society has left Lexington for Washington, where the members will confer with Attorney General Wickersham in regard to the contemplated action by the government against the society, charging it with violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Took His Wife Along.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 20.—Louis Paulhan and his wife made a remarkable voyage, leaving Aviation park and flying to Redondo beach, swinging over Hermosa and along the Santa Monica bay shore and back to the field. The distance covered was about twenty-one miles. Mme. Paulhan was delighted with her trip.

The German government seems to have abandoned hope of evading a tariff war with the United States, believing that the reichstag will not agree to modify the regulations governing the importation of meat.

## KEEPING UP FIGHT

United Mine Workers' Factional Differences Not Buried.

Indianapolis, Jan. 20.—Charges of packing the convention in his own interest were made against President Tom Lewis in the miners' national convention, and for several hours the wrangle was continued in spite of attempts to bring about an orderly discussion. It is the old fight that was made against Lewis last year, and came up again over the presence of sixty paid organizers in the convention as delegates. The enemies of Lewis contended that these men, being in the regular pay of the organization, ought not to receive pay as delegates to the convention, but Lewis and his friends defended them with their votes and carried the day.

The national officers have submitted their reports, that of President Lewis being among them. He showed that the total membership of the organization is now 265,274, and felicitated his hearers on the fact that the organization had increased its membership in spite of the panic of last year.

SAYS HE CAUGHT HER  
AT COMMON TRICKSProf. Munsterberg Denounces  
Madam Palladino.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 20.—Prof. Hugo Munsterberg, the eminent Harvard psychologist, declares that Madame Palladino, who has been giving table-lifting exhibitions before select audiences in Boston and New York, is a fraud. Prof. Munsterberg will publish in a magazine article the result of



HUGO MUNSTERBERG.

his findings arising out of an examination he made of the famous medium. To a reporter, describing his experience, the Harvard scientist said: "This woman is a deception. I made a private examination of Mme. Palladino and I caught her in a number of tricks which were simply the usual spiritualist manifestations to which they are so well accustomed. The madame is suffering from hysteria of the worst kind."

## Didn't Meet Old Friend.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 20.—John R. Walsh, convict No. 6,861, has begun his term of five years in the United States penitentiary here. Warden R. W. McClaughry, who is an old friend of Walsh, did not go to the prison gate to meet the prisoner, this duty being assigned the deputy warden.

Fifteen hundred miners at South Wilkesbarre are on strike because the company refused to allow them to have a check weighman to see that the docking bosses treated them fairly in docking their cars for slate or dirty coal.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain  
and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.

Wheat—Wagon, \$1.18; No. 2 red, \$1.24. Corn—No. 2, 65c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 46c. Hay—Baled, \$15.00 @ 16.50; timothy, \$15.50 @ 17.50; mixed, \$14.50 @ 15.50. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 7.50. Hogs—\$4.00 @ 8.50. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 5.00. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 8.50. Receipts—5,000 hogs; 1,650 cattle; 200 sheep. About 350 horses for local auction; sales steady.

## At Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.27. Corn—No. 2, 67½c. Oats—No. 2, 51c. Cattle—\$2.50 @ 6.25. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.90. Sheep—\$2.00 @ 4.50. Lambs—\$3.00 @ 8.65.

## At Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.23. Corn—No. 2, 64½c. Oats—No. 3, 48c. Cattle—Steers, \$5.00 @ 7.65; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ 5.10. Hogs—\$5.50 @ 8.80. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 6.00. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.70.

## At St. Louis.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.26. Corn—No. 2, 65c. Oats—No. 2, 48c. Cattle—Steers, \$6.75 @ 8.30. Hogs—\$6.75 @ 8.85. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 6.50. Lambs—\$4.50 @ 8.90.

## At East Buffalo.

Cattle—\$4.25 @ 6.75. Hogs—\$6.00 @ 8.90. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 6.50. Lambs—\$5.50 @ 8.75.

## Wheat at Toledo.

May, \$1.25; July, \$1.04½; cash, \$1.23¾.

## Seymour Business Directory

## AUTO REPAIRS

We handle all automobile supplies, also storage and repairing. We build smoke stacks and tanks and do all heavy iron work. Also founders of light and heavy brass castings. R. F. Buhner, cor. High and Circle streets.

## BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Walters pure Butler county buckwheat flour in any quantity. Best on the market. Graham flour, rye meal, bread meal. Highest market price paid for all grain. Hodapp Hominy Co.

## CHRISTMAS CANDIES.

For a complete line of Christmas candies, dry goods, presents for men, women and children, presents that are both useful and ornamental, groceries, etc. W. H. Reynolds, 21, S. Chestnut St. Phone 163.

## CALORA COAL

Phone No. 1

H. F. WHITE, Seymour, Ind.

## CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Building contracting, plumbing, heating and masonry. Will figure on any work wanted. W. A. Wylie. Phone 380. Residence, W. Broadway.

## DODDS RESTAURANT.

Come here for a good lunch. Fresh oysters and ice cream. A nice line of chocolate candies. Best brands of cigars. Come in and eat. Thornton Dodd, Prop., Seymour.

## DEAD ANIMALS.

Will remove dead animals immediately when notified. F. F. Buhner's Fertilizer plant, Phone, residence old and new 338. Factory, old 189. Seymour, Ind.

## FEED OF ALL KINDS.

Full line of feed and meal, Graham flour, buckwheat flour, rye flour. Will exchange wheat and corn for flour or meal. Deliver to all parts of city. G. H. Anderson.

## FURNITURE AND WALL PAPER.

Most up-to-date line of household goods in Seymour. We have increased our stock. Get our prices and you will buy our goods. Stoves & ranges. Lumkin & Son.

## HAIR DRESSING.

Get your hair dressed, any style, at Mrs. E. M. Young's Beauty Parlor. Shampooing, manicuring and massaging. Big assortment of hair switches, corona pads and coronet braids for dressing the hair in latest styles.

## HOOSIER ENVELOPES.

The XXX envelope on the market for the money. Good enough for regular business correspondence and cheap enough for circulars. Special prices in quantities. Daily REPUBLICAN. Phone 42.

## JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

We will fit your eyes correctly with comfortable glasses. Full line of new Xmas goods, watches, broaches, pins, lodge emblems and sterling silver goods. T. M. Jackson, 104 W. Second Street.

## INTERURBAN LUNCH ROOM.

Short orders a specialty. Fresh oysters served in any style. Home-made pies and baked beans. Candies and nuts of all kinds and the best coffee in town. Herman Chambers, Proprietor.

## LUMBER AND PLANING MILL.

Manufacturers of high grade mill work, veneered doors and interior finish. Dealers in Lumber Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Established in 1855. The Travis Carter Co. Phone, 74.

## NEW &amp; SECOND HAND FURNITURE.

Good selection of second hand heating stoves, cook stoves and ranges. We will put your stove in good order. Several bargains in oak furniture. Gorbet & Son, 118 S. Chestnut. Phone, 250.

## OWL CIGAR STORE.

English walnuts, pecans, hazel nuts, Brazil nuts, almonds at 15c per pound. Best place in town. E. L. McElwain, Indianapolis Ave.

## PELLENS DRUG STORE.

Patent medicines, oils, perfumes, toilet articles of every description. Witchhazel Balm for chafed hands and face. Chestnut and Tipton Sts.

## PEEK BROS. REAL ESTATE.

Real estate brokers. Farm, city and town property. Sales and trades made in all parts of the country. Stocks of goods bought, sold and exchanged. Insurance and notary public.

## POULTRY, EGGS AND BUTTER.

We pay the highest market price for poultry, eggs, butter and etc. See us for quotations before you sell. Both Phones No. 11. Hadley Poultry Co.

## CANDIES AND NEEDLEWORK.

Have you visited the little candy shop at 113 N. Chestnut St? You will find some of the best candies on the market. Some beautiful and useful needlework for sale at reasonable prices. Mrs. McAllister, 113 N. Chestnut street.

## PROGRESSIVE MUSIC CO.

Chickering Bros., Ivers & Pond, Starr, Corl, Clough & Warren and leading makes of pianos. Second hand uprights and square pianos at a special bargain. Low expenses, low prices.

Second hand shoes bought and sold. Also repairing while you wait. Every 30th pair free.

110 N. Ewing St. H. C. Woode.

## SUCCESS FLOUR MILLS

Grind nothing but pure soft winter wheat, making the best flour for home use that can be made. Blish Milling Co. Daily output 1000 barrels.

## TAILOR BY TRADE.

If you want to wear comfortable tailor made clothes be sure to go to the right place. Ladies' and gents' old clothes made fit to wear. A. Sclarra, the tailor by trade, 14 E. Second street, Seymour, Ind.

## General Repairing

Sewing Machines, Guns, Umbrellas, Gas and Oil Stoves, Bicycles, Automobiles, Locks, Keys, Knife and Scissor Grinding, in fact any sort of repair work receives prompt, careful attention. Give us a call.

W. A. Carter &amp; Son,

17 East Second Street.

U. G. MILLER  
DEALER IN  
COAL and LIME

Portland and Louisville Cement, Hair, Plaster, Fire Brick and Clay, Sewer and Flue Pipes, Chimney Tops, Field Tile and Building Brick.

A. W. Mills Old Stand  
Corner Jeffersonville Avenue and Tipton Street  
Phone No. 8.A WOMAN OF BEAUTY  
AND ELEGANCE

is the one who doesn't allow defective teeth to mar her beauty or her appearance of refinement. A woman who would be attractive and possess the charm of elegance has her teeth regularly attended by a first class dentist, who can remedy all defects by crown or bridge work, and everything pertaining to scientific surgical dentistry, at

Dr. B. S. Shinness, Dentist

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. IT PAYS



## CRAVENETTE RAIN COATS

Are the most useful garments men can wear at this season of the year. They combine both style and comfort and are equally good in rain or shine. **\$10.00 to \$30.00.** Our "Alligator" Slickers are positively guaranteed not to leak. - - - - - \$3.00 You may need one. See us.

**THE HUB**

## WALL PAPER

25 Per Cent. or One-Fourth Off on All 1909 Wall Paper until Feb. 1st, at

**T. R. Carter's**

## Majestic Theater Monday, Jan. 24

America's Premier Lyceum Entertainers

## THE FLOYD CO.

**Two Hours Of Refined Fun**

Complete Change of Costumes and Settings for Each Part

The paraphernalia used in giving this entertainment is valued at over two thousand dollars. A performance that is Always Satisfactory and Satisfactory in All Ways

**MAGIC** THAT IS MAGIC is what The Floyds offer

PRICES 10, 20 and 30cts. Seats on Sale at Miller's

### WANT ADVERTISING

FOR RENT—3 rooms, 536 E. Sixth street. j22d

FOR SALE—Pumpkins at Schaefer's bakery. j26d

FOR SALE—Horse, wagon and harness. Giles Manuel. Phone 367. uf

FOR RENT—Farm of 97 acres near traction, for cash. Dr. L. Ruddick, Seymour. wkly1t&j22d

FOR SALE—7½ acre poultry and truck farm, 5½ miles northeast of city. A bargain if sold at once. Half cash, balance on time. See Geo. B. Russell, Fire and Tornado Insurance, real estate and loan agent, corner of Second and Chestnut streets. j22d

### Weather Indications.

Partly cloudy and colder tonight and Friday.

Mrs. Walter Johnston accompanied her daughter, Mrs. Oakley Allen, to her home at Brownstown Wednesday where she will spend a few days.

## Watches for 1910

We are quoting strong values in watches of reliable make. This should influence the anticipation of the New Year's needs.

D. Gruen & Sons fine thin model gentleman watch.

E. Howard high grade watches.

Elgin and Waltham watches.

Every watch is guaranteed. Make your selection now for the New Year. Have the watch regulated and engraved and it will be ready for use at any time.

**J. G. LAUPUS**  
JEWELER

### PERSONAL.

Frank Lashbrook was in the city today.

C. H. Weithoff was here Wednesday on business.

Miles Standish was here from Bedford this morning.

Henry Zollman was here from Bedford this morning.

James Keach was here from Brownstown this morning.

John Branaman, of Brownstown, was here yesterday.

M. W. Shields was a passenger to Aurora Wednesday.

Oscar P. Montgomery was here from Columbus Tuesday.

Cecil V. Brooks, of Osgood, was in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. John Hunsucker was here from Valleria this morning.

Charles Brown spent Wednesday evening in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Groub spent Wednesday at Louisville.

W. H. Reynolds made a business trip to Medora Wednesday.

Frank Thompson was here from Scipio Wednesday evening.

John C. Branaman, of Brownstown, was here Wednesday evening.

J. L. Beldon, of Crothersville, was in this city Wednesday evening.

Attorney Alf Cox was here from Crothersville Wednesday evening.

O. B. Perry was here from Columbus Columbus Wednesday evening.

Daniel H. George, of Crothersville, was in this city Wednesday evening.

William E. Springer of Elizabethtown was in this city Wednesday.

Ernest May of Reddingtownship transacted business here yesterday.

Walter Haywood is spending a few days in Columbus and Indianapolis.

Theo. Pellens, of Indianapolis, is here visiting his brother, A. J. Pellens.

Mrs. James Stewart and daughter were passengers to North Vernon Wednesday.

Effie Tovey returned to her home at Brownstown Wednesday after a visit here with Miss Rose Rau.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Jones went to Indianapolis Wednesday to visit her sister Mrs. Julia Newby.

Dr. Clarence Hawn, of Little York, has gone to Adrian, Texas, where he will locate for the practice of medicine.

Mrs. C. J. Remy and Mrs. B. Fitzpatrick, of Columbus, spent to-day here the guests of Mrs. E. A. Remy.

Miss Fay Emerson returned to her home in Brownstown this morning after a pleasant visit with friends here.

L. M. Vogler, of Hope, one of the most prominent Corn growers of the state, was here Wednesday afternoon on business with G. H. Anderson. Mr. Vogler has been attending all the big corn shows and always carries away a liberal share of the prizes.

### Neither Expected to Live.

Newcastle, Ind., Jan. 20.—Henry B. Hernly, a retired farmer, and Reason Davis, a retired manufacturer, were each fatally burned in an explosion of natural gas, at the Davis home. The men were sitting in front of a hot water furnace, which was demolished by the force of the explosion, and both men were sprinkled with boiling water. Neither is expected to live.

### Children Meet Death in Flames.

Bluffton, Ind., Jan. 19.—The two children of Ellison James, an oil well pumper, burned to death when the family home was destroyed by fire. The children were Mabel, aged ten, and Leota, four. James was seriously burned in trying to save the children.

Your great-grandmother lived along simple rules. She would tell you now there's no better rule than to take a cleansing, bracing physic once a week. Her's was Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, never equalled, never beat as a tonic remedy. As good for you as her. Start tonight.

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robert Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	MAX	MIN
January 20, 1910,	55	35

It tones and vitalizes the entire system; makes life worth living, no matter what your station. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is the surest preventative for and cure of diseases. Prove it by yourself.

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Going to Look Into It.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 20.—There will be an investigation by a senate committee on the charge made by Senator Conger that he saw a man pay J. P. Allds money to defeat certain bridge highway legislation in 1901, when both were members of the state assembly. The names of other members of the legislature, some living and some dead, will be brought into this controversy before the inquiry is ended if Conger is compelled to stand by his statements.

Want Ads. get results. Try one.

## SEYMOUR DRY GOODS CO.

## January Big Stock Reducing Sale is in Full Swing

Those who have attended know the matchless BARGAINS. Ask them

Twelve more days you have the opportunity to attend this Sale

20 Per Cent.  
Discount  
On All  
Dress Goods

**COME  
TODAY**

50 Per Cent.  
On All  
Tailored  
Suits—Coats

## DEMANDS A MUTUAL FEELING OF RESPECT

Governor Marshall's Hint to the  
Miners' Convention.

Indianapolis, Jan. 19.—A number of speeches of welcome and responses from the miners' officers marked the opening of the national convention of the United Mine Workers of America. Governor Thomas R. Marshall was one of the speakers. He talked of capital and labor and said there would be no peace between capital and labor, he believed, unless there was a mutual feeling of respect. He advised that the principles of the golden rule should be adhered to, and advised that the delegates in their position should assume an attitude of good will and fairness toward all mankind. He said he wished the delegates to ascertain what could be done to make the lives of the miners safer. He was not opposed to the conservation of natural resources, he added, "but in God's name let us preserve the life of the American citizen."

### Home Cure For Eczema.

Does it not seem strange that so many people suffer year in and year out with eczema?

A 25-cent bottle of a simple wash stops the itch and will surely convince any patient.

This wash is composed of mild and soothing oil of wintergreen mixed with thymol and glycerine, etc., and known as D. D. D. Prescription. We do not know how long the D. D. D. Laboratories will continue the 25c offer, as the remedy is regularly sold only in \$1.00 bottles and has never before been put on the market on any special offers.

If you want relief tonight try a bottle at 25c on our personal recommendation.

Andrews-Schwenk Drug Company.

Want Ads. in the REPUBLICAN Pay.



Have Opened a Dental Office in Seymour Where We Will Do the Very Best Dental Work at the Following Reduced Prices:

22K Gold Crown..... 3.00 to 4.00  
Bridge Work..... 3.00 to 4.00  
Fillings 50c up. Teeth extracted without pain 25c. For a limited time a good set of teeth 5.00. The very best of teeth..... 6.50  
Where new teeth are ordered the price of extracting is deducted from the price of the new teeth. All work first class and guaranteed.

**J. H. Groscurth, D. D. S.**

Room 9 Masonic Temple, Seymour

### Were "Beating" Their Way.

Charleston, Ill., Jan. 20.—Marion Crall of this city and Harry Elston of Kingman, Ill., were smothered to death at Panama, a mining town west of Charleston, when a carload of salt was wrecked. The young men were "beating" their way on a freight train and were buried beneath tons of salt when the car was overturned in a ditch.

### Caught on the Track.

Brazil, Ind., Jan. 20.—The mangled body of a man about fifty years old, believed to be that of John De Lucca, of Perth, this county, was found along the Vandalla track five miles east of this city, by a section crew. The man had evidently been struck by a train.

Try a Want Ad in The REPUBLICAN

Annual January and February Sale of

## Suits and Overcoats

—AT—

## Astonishingly Low Prices

These are exceptional rare values—bargains you cannot resist. Richly finished, superbly tailored, distinctly styled garments of the highest order. The goods and prices are such that you owe it to yourself to come and see these extraordinary offerings.

**THOMAS CLOTHING CO.**



## A Coal Saving

It means more money in your purse and more heat in your home when you buy your coal of us. Our coal is clean and a good heat maker. It saves time, labor and, perhaps a doctor's bill, too, because your fire requires less attention to keep the house healthily and comfortably warm. Test it for yourself. We deliver a ton or more any place in the city. Call or telephone.

Raymond City  
Coal at \$3.75.

## EBNER

Ice and Cold Storage Co.  
PHONES NO. 4.

### FOR SALE

100-acre sand farm, 3 miles from Seymour, must be sold in 90 days, \$6,000. 70-acre sand farm, 2 miles from Seymour, \$6,000. 150-acre, 4 miles from Seymour, \$75 per acre. These farms all have good improvements and are located on good pikes.

See E. C. BOLLINGER, Agt.  
Phones, No. 186 and No. 5

### Experienced Tailor

We want to do your tailoring. Give us a trial. Prices reasonable. Best of work in cleaning, pressing and dyeing. Phone 468.

**D. DiMATTEO**

One door east of traction station.

### Ladies and Gentlemen

Take your old clothes to THE SEYMOUR TAILORS And have them put in first class wearing condition. 117 NORTH CHESTNUT STREET SEYMOUR, INDIANA

### CONGDON & DURHAM,

Fire, Tornado, Liability, Accident and Sick Benefit INSURANCE Real Estate, Rental Agency Prompt Attention to All Business

## BATHS

Take Turkish Salt-glow Baths for all kinds of Lung Trouble.

**AHLERT'S TURKISH BATH ROOMS**

**LEWIS & SWAILS  
LAWYERS  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA**

### PIANO TUNING

Piano tuning is a science acquired only after years of experience, and satisfactory results cannot be obtained without it. 15 Years Experience.

**J. H. EuDaly**

**ELMER E. DUNLAP,  
ARCHITECT**

824-828 State Life Bldg. INDIANAPOLIS. Branch Office: Columbus

### "Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of INSURANCE

**Clark B. Davis**

LOANS NOTARY



## SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

SMITH &amp; REMY, Publishers.

SEYMOUR, - - - INDIANA.

## THE PERENNIAL ALBUM.

In One Form or Another It Has Existed for Many Years.

"There are times," the departing guest remarked, pensively, to her husband, as she closed the guest book, "when I wish the economy of the universe had been such that I might have been my own great-great-grandmother."

"You would have to go several centuries back for that," her husband replied, with the sympathetic comprehension of a fellow victim. "I saw in a collection the other day an autograph album of the middle ages. It wasn't so very different from those that the girls passed round at school when I was a youngster."

"It was open to the drawing of a knight in armor, and it reminded me of Dick Barron's donkeys—pen and ink, done while you wait, with his autograph in the tail. They became so popular that Dick finally charged five cents an autograph, in self defense. He was the one boy in school who didn't grit his teeth when he saw an album coming. He made enough out of them to buy a pair of white rats. Dick was always a lucky fellow. I've wondered since seeing the gentleman in armor if it was some Dick Barron of the middle ages who invented albums."

Whoever invented them, they seem to lead a flourishing, if protean, existence. The old albums of our great-grandmothers, their delicately embossed covers enclosing pages of sentiment in exquisite hair-line penmanship, gave way to the smaller and far less formal albums of a generation ago—the kind that were passed from hand to hand in the cloak room, and were not sentimental. Mental photograph albums followed, with their harrowing questions as to one's favorite names and ideals. Guest books swiftly appeared in their train, making large demands upon the clever of finger or nimble of wit, and causing corresponding depression to those who, in a sentiment popular in their school days, "thought and thought and thought in vain, and thought at last they'd sign their name."

After such brain-racking experiences, the blind-pig album offered genuine solace; in the matter of drawing pigs with one's eyes closed, the human race, it seemed, was pretty evenly gifted. The latest arrival is the ghost album, in which one makes a "ghost" by writing his autograph—very heavy—and folding and blotting it, the result in the majority of cases resembling a cross between a centipede and a skeleton. This also has the advantage of being comparatively painless to both intellect and vanity.

What is the secret of the perennial existence of the autograph album? Curiosity? Imitation? Or is it the genuine desire to keep a record of happy hours? If the latter, then there is hope that some one will yet invent a form of record that shall be at the same time so artistic and individual as to be a joy to the possessor, and so alluring as to be a pleasure to the—possessed. If this seems a trifle difficult, a result that can be reached only by the slow process of evolution, after all, friendship is worthy even so great a sacrifice as submission to the demands of guest book and album.—Youth's Companion.

## DANUBE A RHINE TRIBUTARY.

Freak of Nature by Which Baden Gains and Wurttemberg Loses.

A diplomatic dispute of a kind without precedent is engaging the politicians of Wurttemberg and of the grand duchy of Baden. It arises, says the London Daily Mail, from a freak of nature consisting in the fact that the Danube, though rising on the other side of the watershed, is nevertheless proved to discharge the greater part of the water in its first stretch into the Rhine. This arises from the fact that the Danube is subject to a serious leakage. Just before it crosses the frontier of Wurttemberg, where it breaks through the Swabian Jura, the greater part of the water in the river disappears through the clefts in the rocks. For hundreds of years this escape of water has been increasing and at present the river immediately below Immendingen is almost dry in summer.

For a long time it was a mystery whither the Danube escaped, but experiments made thirty years ago proved that the water again reached the surface twelve kilometers away, where it was the source of the River Aach, which flows into the Lake of Constance near the point where the Rhine issues from the lake.

This natural freak, which is stated to have no parallel on earth, is entirely to the advantage of the grand duchy of Baden, as the Aach runs through its territory, whereas the dried-up part of the Danube lies in the territory of Wurttemberg. The Wurttemberg government has in vain tried to get the Baden government to wall up the clefts through which the Danube escapes, but without effect, as the diminution which must result in the volume of the Aach would cause Baden considerable loss.

Owing to the discovery of yet a second strange freak of nature, the situation has now suddenly changed. It has been discovered that the Danube, after it has recovered its loss of wa-

ter in Wurttemberg territory, is subject to another great leakage near Fridingen, and that the water which escapes runs underground for twenty kilometers, and, like the first leakage, also runs into the Aach, and thence into the Rhine. Experiments made by salting and coloring the water have proved this beyond dispute.

The people of Wurttemberg are rejoiced by the discovery. Their government now declares to the government of Baden that unless it stops the leakage on Baden territory this newly discovered leak will also be stopped, so that in any case the Aach must lose much of its water and the flood of the Danube be increased.

Meanwhile local men of science are puzzling their heads as to where exactly run the thirty-two kilometers of underground Danube. The possibility is that the river runs through tremendous caves and grottoes. Dr. von Uslar, a local "landrat," is attempting to solve the problem by means of a divining rod.

## KEPT MULES ON THE MOVE.

Hitched to Speeding Automobile, Team Had Time of Their Lives.

Here is a story from Manhattan with vaudeville features, not to mention the hard luck:

A farmer living on Deep Creek, several miles east of Manhattan, had a thrilling experience with an automobile and a team of mules. The farmer recently had purchased a new machine, and on one of his first trips tried to cross the creek at a ford. He put the clutch at high speed and waded in. For some reason the engine went dead in midstream. Cranking failed to revive it. After a number of useless efforts, the farmer secured a team of mules, hitched them to the stubborn auto and dragged the machine across the creek and up the bank. The driver had left the clutch on at high speed, and from some unaccountable cause as soon as the machine was on level road the engine suddenly revived, the machine started forward with a bound and struck the mules squarely in their kicking apparatus. There was something doing immediately thereafter. The mules started off full tilt with the machine chugging after them; the driver being occupied with the mules, could not give the machine much attention. The machine was soon going on the heels again and again. Both team and machine became unmanageable; but the mules suddenly jumped to one side, bringing the machine sharply around and causing it to strike a bank of earth, thus bringing the strange runaway to an abrupt end.—Kansas City Journal.

## An Unlucky Debut.

Stage fright is a disease from which not all experienced actors are free. What wonder, therefore, that it ravages the amateurs? A particularly distressing case is reported from New Orleans by a writer in Success. The Shakespeare Club of that city used to give theatrical performances, notable for the local prominence of the actors.

Once, a social celebrity, with a gorgeous costume, as one of the lords in waiting, had only four words to say: "The queen has swooned." As he stepped forward, his friends applauded vociferously. Bowing his thanks, he faced the king and said, in a very high-pitched voice, "The swoon has quoened."

There was a roar of laughter; but he waited patiently, and made another attempt:

"The swoon has quoened."

Again the walls trembled, and the stage manager said, in a voice which could be heard all over the house, "Come off, you fool!"

But the ambitious amateur refused to surrender, and in a rasping falsetto, as he was assisted off the stage, he screamed, "The quoon has swoened!"

## Writing a Novel.

Some writers, I have heard it said, prefer to do their work in bed.

At times, I s'pose, they gently doze; at others, go full steam ahead.

It seems to be a pleasant game, and if a fellow tried the same

Perhaps he might

Snooze over night

And wake some morn to sudden fame.

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## A Student of Human Nature.

"That was a pretty harsh note Mr. Clincher sent you."

"Yes," answered the debonnaire debtor. "But he didn't mean most of it. He has just employed a new stenographer. When he dictated that letter he was showing off."—Washington Star.

## Episcopal Anatomy.

"Our dear bishop looks very stiff and dignified," remarked old Mrs. Croxley; "but I assure you he has a warm, kind heart beating beneath his gaiters."—Tit-Bits.

## Four Votes for Her Candidate.

Cook—Ye'll vote like I vote—ye and the young leddies—or I'll quit ye. "Merciful heavens! And the Van Damms expected on Thursday!"—Life.

## Caused Suspicion.

"Looks like a good man," said Hawkins. "But great Scott! When I shook hands it sounded like I was shaking dice."—Harper's Weekly.

About the poorest excuse of a mother we know of is one who sends her children to annoy the neighbors while she gives a street parade.

There is always one weak link in a chain of circumstances.

Queer people are those whose actions are different from ours.

## GOOD SHORT STORIES

Frederick the Great, wishing to humiliate his physician, asked, "How many men, my doctor, have you sent into the other world?" "Not nearly so many as your majesty," was the retort; "but with infinitely less glory."

The young married man had been on the road about a year. He had just told his wife that the firm had given him a position in the store and he would not have to travel any more. "Oh, won't that be fine, George," she exclaimed. "Now we'll be married again and settle down!"

One of the New Jersey representatives in Congress, very much addicted to apparel of the variety known as "loud," was on his way to the Capitol one day when he encountered Senator Depew. "If you're going to the Capitol," said the Senator, "we might as well walk together." "I'm not going there just yet," said the Representative. "I must first stop to see my tailor about a new overcoat." "The tailor!" exclaimed Mr. Depew, in mock astonishment. "Why, Jim, it has always been my understanding that you were clothed by a costumer!"

Mrs. Finletter and her husband had just moved into a fifteen-dollar seven-room house. The first Sunday morning there, as Mr. Finletter sat with his newspaper on his little porch, and all the neighbors on both sides of the street sat with their newspapers on their little porches, Mrs. Finletter suddenly came to the front door and shouted at her husband in a loud, vexed tone: "Hilary Finletter, will you or will you not come in to luncheon? The champagne is nearly flat and you know how soon a dish of terrapin gets cold!" Finletter tossed down the comic section and hurried indoors with a dazed smile. "What are you kidding me for?" he asked as he looked at the rump steak and potatoes on the dining table. "It's not you, Hilary, I'm kidding," said his wife; "it's the neighbors."

The car was crowded, but all the women had seats. On the platform was a middle-aged man, apparently respectable. On a side seat was a girl in old rose, with cheeks to match. The man on the platform caught her eye for a moment, and threw a frantic kiss. The girl first smiled, then blushed furiously. He threw another, and she turned away a crimsoned face. "That will about do for you," said the big, rawboned conductor. "Go home to your wife." This didn't seem to worry the apparently respectable man, and, catching a glint from the girl's eyes, he threw another kiss. She turned her face to study carefully a touque hat across the car. At the Manhattan end of the bridge the girl rose to leave the car. The man who was trying to flirt with her also faced the sliding door. By that time all eyes were on the pair, the conductor was mad all through and a couple of passengers edged dangerously close. The girl in old rose took the arm of the apparently respectable man, and said in a silvery voice that all could hear: "Oh, papa, how could you!" Then everybody laughed at a joking father and a lovely daughter.

## JOE PULITZER'S TURNING POINT

Negro Porter's Brutality Induced Him to Take Greeley's Advice.

It was a midsummer evening in the troublous year of 1864 that Joseph Pulitzer, a tall, lean, fair-haired boy just landed from an immigrant ship at Boston, took lodgings in a cheap hotel in the German quarter of New York, a writer in the American Magazine says. The landlord assigned him to a room and changed a 20-franc piece with which the boy paid him.

That 20-franc piece was all the money the boy possessed. It was gone before he found a job. An empty wagon, a park bench, became his bed; the sky his blanket. It was natural that the far contagion should seize upon this lad. The spirit of adventure had turned his back on his home in a little village near Budapest, Hungary, where he was born April 10, 1847, the son of a Jew father. Militarism had been rampant in Vienna, where he had received most of his education. Two of his mother's brothers were officers in the Austrian army. One of them had distinguished himself in Mexico under Maximilian's banners. Only a couple of months previously the boy had thrown his tutor out of a window because he objected to having arithmetic forced upon him when there was so much history and so many tales of war to be read. He ran away to Paris and tried to enlist in the Legion Etrangere. He was declined because of defective eyesight. He then tried to enlist in London, and a second time his eyes proved the undoing of his martial aspirations. The enlisting officers in New York weren't so particular about eyes, and in September, 1864, Joseph Pulitzer went to war as a private dragoon in the First New York Cavalry, which was known also as the Lincoln Cavalry. He served with the army of the Shenandoah until peace was declared in the following year and he was honorably discharged in Washington.

When the war was over, Joseph Pulitzer drifted back to New York. That winter things became so bad that he contemplated tramping to New Bedford and shipping in the whaling fleet. Horace Greeley, in whose life he

few years this alien was to play an important role, was thundering his "Go West, young man; go West!"

It is doubtful if Joseph Pulitzer would have harkened to the Western cry had it not been for an incident which was destined to make one of the big high lights in the picture of his dramatic life. In those days French's Hotel stood at Frankfort street and Park row, on the present site of "the building with the gilded dome." A homely, fat-bellied stove in the hotel lobby tempted many a starving unfortunate. Joseph Pulitzer knew well the cheery warmth of that stove. He was as fastidious then as now. He discovered that having his boots polished and his faded blue uniform brushed by the bootblacks at French's gave him a certain standing in the eyes of the servants, who would pass him by to eject others. The day came when a husky porter ended all this by incontinently kicking the boy into the middle of Park row.

Humiliated and stung to the soul, the boy lifted himself out of the street and in that hour his decision was made. He was done with New York, he thought.

That porter in French's was a wonderful kicker. The kick with which he landed Joseph Pulitzer out of doors was twenty-two years long. When its impulse ceased the object of its attack was able to put his name to a check for \$630,000, seize unto himself French's Hotel and all therein contained.

## TWO VIEWS OF MOTHERHOOD.

"Stone-Woman" of Tokyo Would Be Fashionable Person in New York.

Some years ago an American friend and I were passing through a street in the city of Tokyo, says Adachi Kinoshuke in the Delineator. We came upon a gateway which smiled like a May-day festival, and, like it, was full of people.

"What's all this fuss about?" my friend asked me. "Have they hit a gold mine?"

No; they had not. To the good people the occasion meant a deal more than the discovery of gold. It was the coming of a baby. The proud parents were sending out messengers into the four corners of the city announcing the glad tidings of exceeding great joy. And I told my American friend.

"Do your people make such a fuss about a baby? Babies are born every day in this country, aren't they?"

Which was true. But we look upon this matter entirely in a different way. It may be that this is one of the relics of the past, but we put emphasis upon the continuation of a family line. Confucius, whose ghost is much more powerful in Japan to-day than all the prophets and philosophers now living put together, made childlessness a just ground for divorce. The coming of the baby means to a mother more than meat—aye, more than a fashionable garment. It is the social insignium with the Japanese mother; nothing defines her social rank as finally as the baby.

The Nippon society is heartless to the childless mother; it brands her as "the stone-woman;" it exposes her to the galling pity of her more favored sisters. In the sterner days of the samurai ideal, she was an object to be shunned, like a leper. The childless mother did not dare to impose herself upon society. A rather far cry, this, from the fashionable Fifth avenue atmosphere, isn't it?

## He Was Not Mean.

At a railway station in a certain Alabama town, according to Harper's Weekly, a number of passengers, who were waiting for a train, distributed themselves on the platform, their feet hanging over. Presently there came along a native, a sour-faced individual, with a rope in his hand. It subsequently appeared that he was looking for a stray mule.

He came out of the bush opposite the station and stood for some time looking up and down the tracks. Then he directed his gaze to the group of waiting passengers on the platform with their feet hanging over. He regarded them listlessly for quite a while, then suddenly called out:

"Hey, there! You-all!"

"What is it?" demanded some one, startled by the sudden cry.

"Hist your feet!"

This injunction to "hist" was complied with by all with alacrity, for as they looked down over the platform they perceived a big rattlesnake just coiling for a strike.

A handy grindstone was dropped on the reptile, and one of the men thanked the native for his timely warning.

He smiled grimly. "I don't s'pose I deserve much thanks," he said, "but some men who had lost a mule an' been hunting for it for three days would have been kinder onery 'bout that snake. However, gents, there isn't anything mean about me!"

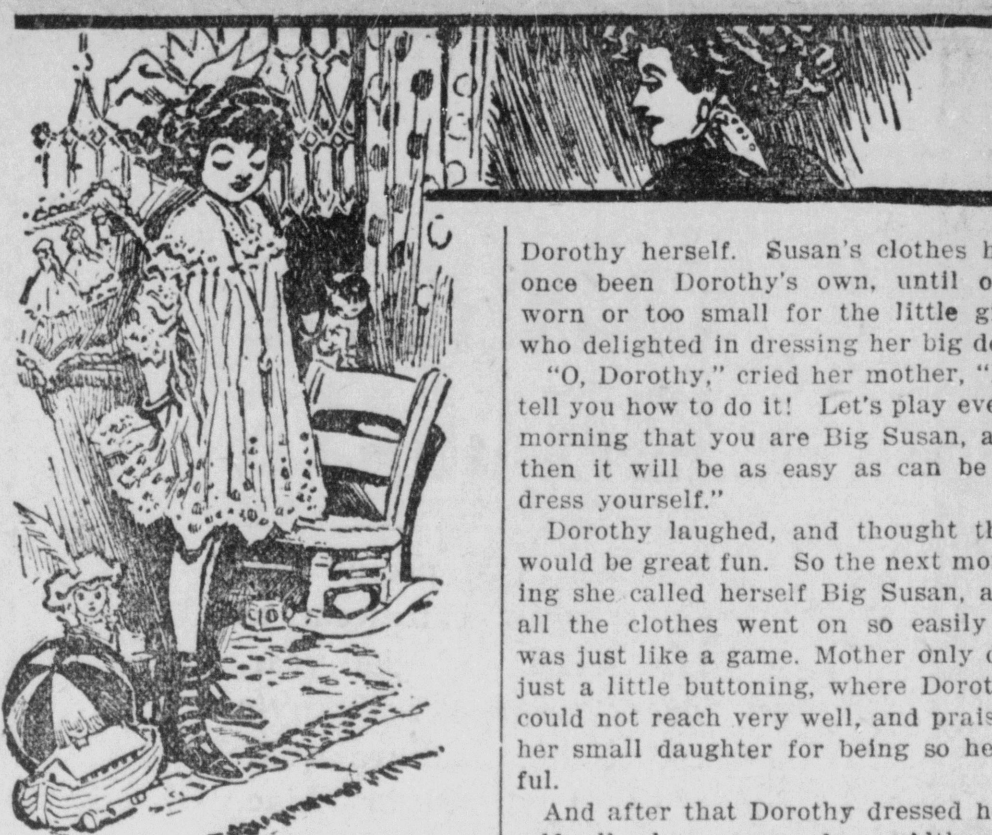
## The Test.

But of the three sorts, namely, those who are born great, those who acquire greatness, and those who have greatness thrust upon them, only the first are anywise certain to know what the different forks are for at the fashionable dinners inevitably given in their honor from time to time.—Puck.

## Beneath It.

"What are you doing here?" asked the irate farmer. "Don't you see that 'No Trespassing' notice just above your head?"

"Don't speak to me, sir!" replied the tramp. "Don't you see I'm beneath your notice."—Yonkers Statesman.



ANN MABEL.

Now, this is no fanciful fable, It's what I heard people say—

There once was a child named Ann Mabel,

Who polished her shoes all the day.

Folks called the child so unassuming;

Folks said that Ann Mabel was shy.

"She never is pert or presuming,"

They said, but they didn't know why.

They spoke to Ann Mabel politely,

And sweetly Ann Mabel replied,

But never looked up at them brightly

And ever her blue eyes did hide.

So some one once made an endeavor

To find why she acted this way,

And said to her: "Why do you never

Look up when you're talking, I pray?"

"It's not that I'm shy," said Ann Mabel,

"Nor bashful at all, but I choose

To look down whenever I'm able

Because I'm so proud of my shoes."

## Dressing Susan.

When Dorothy was four years old

her mother said to her one day, "Now,

dear, you are such a big girl that I

think you should learn to dress your-

self. That would help mother so much

every morning, and every afternoon

after your nap."

"Why, mother," replied Dorothy, "I

don't believe I could do it, and be-

sides, you know I have to dress Big

Susan every morning."

Now "Big Susan" was the name of

a great cloth doll, almost as large as

Dorothy herself. Susan's clothes had once been Dorothy's own, until out-

worn or too small for the little girl, who delighted in dressing her big doll.

"O, Dorothy," cried her mother, "I'll tell you how to do it! Let's play every morning that you are Big Susan, and then it will be as easy as can be to dress yourself."

Dorothy laughed, and thought that

would be great fun. So the next morning she called herself Big Susan, and all the clothes went on so easily it was just like a game. Mother only did just a little buttoning, where Dorothy could not reach very well, and praised her small daughter for being so help-

ful.

And after that Dorothy dressed herself all alone every day. Although the big doll's clothes were sometimes not changed for days at a time, Susan never seemed to mind a bit.—Youth's Companion.

## Flies on a Card.

Cut several small pieces of cardboard about the size of a visiting card and draw six flies on each, numbering them from one to six. The object of the game is to see who can first cover all the flies by throwing with a die. Each player in turn throws with a die and covers the fly corresponding to the number thrown. He who covers or kills all the flies first, wins. As a variation, eighteen pieces can be used, each player throwing three times instead of once. After the first three throws the game begins to get exciting, as the exact numbers necessary to fill the card are seldom thrown.

## What Makes Me Dream.

I dream the very nicest things! I dream my bicycle has wings, I dream my doll can laugh and talk; I dream my woolly lamb can walk. How do the dreams get in my head As I lay quiet in my bed? Do I just think while I'm asleep, Or does a little fairy creep So soft and still up to my ear And whisper dreams for me to hear?

## One Way of Putting It.

"Mamma says 'shut up' isn't a nice thing to say," said Dolly.

"Why, don't you ever make a noise at your house?" asked Dot.

"Oh, yes," explained Dolly, "but Bob

always tells us to 'fold up our noise

and put it in our pockets.'"

## CHAMPION KNITTER IS DEAD.

Atlanta Woman, 63 Years Old, Knits Most Intricate Patterns.

Totally blind and 63 years old, yet able to produce knitted articles of exquisite workmanship and artistic design, which always take first prizes in whatever competition they are exhibited—

This is the remarkable accomplishment of Miss Cardella Lieberman.

Never possessing a very strong sight, Miss Lieberman went entirely blind at the age of 23 years. She learned the art of knitting, of which she is now such an accomplished master, after that time, and it has been her chief occupation during forty years of blindness.

At the State fair held recently at Macon Miss Lieberman was awarded two blue ribbons on her work, one for the best collection of fancy work of any kind and one for the best pair of knitted bedroom slippers. At the last Atlanta fair she received five first prizes, and was the successful competitor at four previous fairs, the Atlanta Georgian says.

Her prize collection of knitted work included a baby carriage afghan, a pair of booties, baby's sack, lady's shawl, gentleman's bedroom slippers and a child's scarf.

Miss Lieberman knits articles of several colors and by keeping the various colored yarns in separate positions she never gets them confused.

Nor are all Miss Lieberman's accomplishments confined to knitting.

Only last year Miss Lieberman took up the study of the New York point, and learned it readily, so that now she is able to read anything printed in this system with the greatest fluency.

With the latter accomplishment began Miss Lieberman's interesting acquaintance with Helen Keller, the famous blind girl.

Miss Lieberman read in one of her magazines that Helen Keller was able to play solitaire and a number of other games with cards.

Thereupon Miss Lieberman wrote her, asking what cards she used and how she was able to distinguish them. Miss Keller responded by sending Miss Lieberman a pack of cards marked in the New York point, with the information that she marked her own cards in any one of the several systems with which she was acquainted.

Miss Lieberman acknowledged Miss Keller's kindness by sending her a pair of knitted slippers. Out of this correspondence and exchange of gifts has grown a friendship that is cherished by both.

Miss Lieberman was born in Louisville, Ky., coming to Atlanta about thirty years ago. She lives with her niece at 134 Richardson street and gains a livelihood from the sale of her articles.

Some men never realize how very valuable they are until they are sued for breach of promise.

Jolly an egotist and he will jump any way you want him to.



## SONG.

When that I loved a maiden  
My heaven was in her eyes,  
And when they bent above me  
I knew no deeper skies;  
But when her heart forsook me  
My spirit broke its bars,  
For grief beyond the sunset  
And love beyond the stars.

When that I loved a maiden  
She seemed the world to me;  
Now is my soul the universe,  
My dreams—the sky and sea!  
There is no heaven above me,  
No glory binds or bars,  
My grief beyond the sunset,  
My love beyond the stars.

When that I loved a maiden  
I worshipped where she trod;  
But when she clove my heart, the cleft  
Set free the imprisoned god;  
Then was I king of all the world,  
My soul had burst its bars  
For grief beyond the sunset  
And love beyond the stars.  
—Everybody's.

## The Road Maker

"D'you know you're trespassing?"  
The speaker was a young man fault-  
lessly dressed. He was speaking to a  
man some twelve years his senior,  
who was seated on a tree trunk, smok-  
ing a pipe. "I'm Lord Winstead, and  
this is my property."  
"And a nice property, too. I con-  
gratulate your lordship."

"I say, you're a pretty cool hand.  
Who are you?"

"As you were kind enough to tell  
me your name I will return the com-  
pliment. My name is Raymond, Basil  
Raymond." He paused for a few sec-  
onds and then added, "Those are fine  
trees ahead."

"Do you know anything about  
trees?"

"I've spent fifteen years among  
them in Canada."

"Did you ever cut roads through  
'em?"

"Several."

"I say, you're just the man I want.  
D'you want a job?"

"Depends what the job is."

"Why. I've always wanted to cut a  
road through those trees to the  
shore."

"Well, if you're anxious for me to  
do it, I will."

"Come along to the house and we'll  
fix things up."

Raymond went with him to the  
house and presently they were deep in  
the plans for the new road.

Suddenly the door burst open and a  
girl entered.

"Come and play tennis, Jimmy," she  
cried.

Then she saw Basil Raymond and  
her pretty face flushed.

"Let me introduce you," said Lord  
Winstead. "My cousin, Miss Constance  
Blaketon, Mr. Raymond."

"Mr. Raymond is going to make a  
road through the wood to the shore,"  
Lord Winstead continued.

The smile faded from the girl's eyes,  
she gazed frigidly at Raymond for a  
moment, and then turned to her  
cousin.

"You won't be coming, then?" she  
asked.

"Sorry, old girl, but I can't leave  
this."

Miss Blaketon bowed to Raymond  
and left the room—she did not smile  
this time.

Work was commenced on the fol-  
lowing morning. During the early  
evening, Basil Raymond strolled up  
to the wood and sat again on the tree  
trunk where Lord Winstead had found  
him.

"It's a queer state of affairs," he  
murmured thoughtfully. "By Jove!  
What a lovely girl Miss Blaketon is."

The next instant he heard the object  
of his admiration speaking.

"Fancy introducing me as you did;  
I thought he was a friend of yours."

"So he is," replied Lord Winstead;  
"or I hope he will be."

"But you told me he was only a  
backwoodsman, Jimmy. He's a fine,  
manly looking fellow, but he's hardly  
a suitable friend for a man of your  
position."

"Oh, dry up, Con, don't rot so  
much."

The voices died away as they passed  
beyond Raymond's hearing.

"So I'm an outsider," he said. "I  
am beyond the pale in my lady Con-  
stance's eyes."

On the first morning of the tree fell-  
ing, Miss Blaketon walked along with  
Lord Winstead. Basil Raymond raised  
his hat as he saw her, but only re-  
ceived a somewhat curt nod in reply.  
He flushed to the roots of his hair, but  
continued to issue directions in calm,  
level tones. Constance Blaketon did  
not notice the flush; as a matter of  
fact, it was lost in the tan. She had  
meant to crush this man who appar-  
ently did not know his place, but evi-  
dently she had failed.

"Raymond!" she called suddenly, "I  
want you to look for my glove."

She had dropped it on purpose—so  
that she might call Raymond. To her  
surprise, Basil did not move. He was  
directing the felling of a large elm,  
and he did not turn his head until the  
work was finished.

Constance Blaketon grew angrier  
each second. She could not tell why  
this man affected her so, why she had  
such a passionate desire to humble  
him.

"Why did you not come when I  
called," she demanded indignantly,  
when at length Raymond walked  
across to her.

"I had my work to do, Miss Blake-  
ton," he said calmly.

Constance gave him a few curt di-  
rections, at the conclusion of which he  
returned to his work and dispatched a  
couple of men to hunt for the glove,  
which they speedily found.

Two days passed without Raymond  
seeing Constance, and then he received  
an invitation to dine with the Win-  
steads, which he readily accepted.

Constance was much annoyed with  
her cousin for issuing the invitation.

"Have you invited the other men  
as well?" she asked.

"Oh, dry up, Con. Raymond's a gen-  
tleman, anyone can see that."

"Is he? I dare say he'll open your  
eyes to-night, Jimmy. You've only  
worked with him so far, remember. I  
suppose I shall be expected to sit  
down with him."

"You can jolly well please yourself,  
Con," said Winstead angrily. "I dare  
say he'd be better pleased if you  
didn't."

"No doubt, there would be one less  
to watch his agonies in that case."

"Rot!" Winstead flung himself off to  
the billiard room, but was too annoyed  
to make any decent shots.

Despite Miss Blaketon's sarcastic  
comments, she appeared that night in  
a ravishing dinner gown. Constance  
wore an air of affected calm, really she  
felt nervous, for she knew she had  
severely snubbed Raymond, although  
the fact did not seem to have worried  
him.

"You ought not to have dressed,  
Jimmy. Your foreman will feel very  
much out of place in his tweed suit."

Just then the door opened.

"Mr. Raymond," announced a foot-  
man.

In walked Raymond, garbed in im-  
maculate evening dress and looking so  
distinguished, that a beaming smile  
took the place of the usual placid ex-  
pression on the face of the duchess.

Lord Winstead absolutely glowed  
with delight at his protegee's appear-  
ance, and he could not resist the tem-  
ptation of grinning joyfully at his  
cousin.

As dinner Basil bore himself as  
though he were in his accustomed  
place, and conversed freely with Win-  
stead and his mother. Constance had  
very little to say, the complete over-  
throw of her predictions seeming to

have rendered her dumb. However, she  
knew she was looking her best, and  
Constance Blaketon at her best was  
very delightful to see.

Next morning Raymond was the  
roadmaker again, and when Constance  
visited the scene of operations she was  
the daughter of Lady Blaketon. Con-  
sequently, she nodded only slightly in  
response to Raymond's bow.

A sturdy old oak was being rooted  
up, and Basil was eyeing anxiously its  
far-reaching branches.

"Miss Blaketon," he cried at length,  
"you had better move farther back."

Constance perked up immediately  
and flashed a withering glance at Ray-  
mond.

"Miss Blaketon, it is dangerous to  
stand where you are. Will you please  
go farther back?"

Constance took not the slightest no-  
tice. From overhead came a sudden  
harsh cracking noise and she gazed up  
in a fright to see a huge branch hang-  
ing menacingly over her.

Raymond raced up to her side, gather-  
ing her up in his strong arms, and  
carried her out of danger.

"Silly little girl," he muttered as  
he had taken hold of her.

He had spoken the words more to  
himself, but Constance had heard them.  
This, with the fact that he had  
presumed to carry her, brought the  
hot, angry blood to her face.

"How dare you?" she cried.

"I beg your pardon if I have offend-  
ed you," said Raymond. Then he turned  
on his heel and left her.

Directly he left her Constance was  
bitterly repentant. How she detested  
herself, detested the wretched pride  
which made her behave to Raymond as  
she did.

But although she strove against her  
feelings, she found herself constantly  
going down to the new road. She hum-  
bled herself sufficiently to thank Ray-  
mond for what he had done, but those  
words, "Silly little girl," constantly  
rang in her ears.

Gradually, however, she ceased to  
find objection to them, and they took  
on a sort of guarding expression that  
was almost a caress. Presently, she  
found herself repeating them as  
though she treasured them. And she  
wondered.

She became intimate with Basil, un-  
til it grew to be a recognized thing for  
him to leave the road and walk  
through the park with her.

"Is it true you are to marry Lord  
Winstead?" he asked one evening.

"It has always been understood," she  
replied.

"Do you care for him?"

"Tell me, Constance," he whispered.  
"Do you?"

No word passed the girl's trembling

lips, but her head drooped: he drew  
her to him, and she did not resist.

Bending, he kissed her lips.

"But, Basil," she said presently, "I  
must marry my cousin. We ought  
not—"

"Your cousin came into the title be-  
cause there was no direct male de-  
scendant, didn't he?"

"Yes, and aunt has the title of duch-  
ess by courtesy. The late duke had  
one son, but he has not been heard of  
for thirteen years, and the law has  
accepted his death. He and his father  
had a very bitter quarrel, and Gordon  
—that was his name—left home and  
has never been heard of since."

"Never?"

The girl started and then peered  
intently into Raymond's face.

"You?" she whispered.

"Listen, Constance. I made a large  
fortune in Canada, but I never had any  
desire to be a duke. I wanted to be  
free. Had your cousin been a waster  
I should have declared myself; but he  
is a good lad and will make a better  
duke than I ever should."

"You tell him."

"No, dear; it would break the lad's  
heart."

"But, Basil, what a sacrifice!"

"Not at all, dear, it's myself I'm  
pleasing. You'll still be marrying  
Lord Winstead if you marry me, Con-  
stance."

"What will they say, aunt and Jim-  
my?"

"We must brave it out, you and I,  
dear. Are you ready to?"

"Yes, Basil, with you I'd brave any-  
thing."—Kassell's Saturday Journal.

## RUSKIN AS HOME BOY.

Great Thinker as a Youth Was Much  
Pampered and Coddled.

Ruskin was an only son, and from  
the very first the firm character of  
his parents in a sense overshadowed  
him. In all material things his life  
was a sheltered one—what the French  
call capitonne. He was never forced  
to go out into the world and battle  
for a living. His father's large for-  
tune was always at his command; and  
as his father was convinced that the  
boy was an extraordinary genius, he  
never stinted or denied him anything.

Therefore, young Ruskin was free  
from ordinary cares. He could grat-  
ify his taste for art, buy pictures, en-  
dow museums, act as his own pub-  
lisher; or, if he liked, he could fight  
over immaterial questions without ever  
having to think about the question of  
an income.

Even after his parents died, and  
when Ruskin, after middle life, had  
practically thrown away the fortune  
which had been left him, he still re-  
ceived an income of some \$20,000 a  
year from his copyrights, so that he  
never once did know the meaning of  
poverty, or what it was to toil for  
money, Lyndon Orr says in Munsey's.

All this gave his genius full play.  
His eccentricities, so to speak, were  
endowed. Had he been less pampered,  
he would have been a different man in  
every way. Perhaps it was a good  
thing for him and for the world that  
his circumstances were as I have de-  
scribed them; but, on the other hand,  
he lacked that hard experience which  
makes men really strong. Even phys-  
ically, this may perhaps have injured  
him.

To the world at large he seemed a  
radical reformer, attacking the whole  
commercial system of modern life, and  
hurling epithets that flamed like bale-  
fires over social questions. But at  
home—and he lived with his father  
and mother during the whole form-  
ative period of his life—he seemed  
more of a child than a grown man.

He submitted to the dictation of his  
parents in everything domestic. When  
he was 40 years of age he used to  
cover up all his cherished paintings  
on Sunday because his mother did not  
approve of anything that would please  
the fleshly eye and distract the mind  
from spiritual meditation.

## She Almost Remembered.

Little Josephine, aged 4, was intent-  
ly studying the pictures in a book and  
seemed very much interested in a pic-  
ture of Charles Dickens.

Taking the book to her mother, she  
inquired who it was.

"That is Dickens, dear," said her  
mother.

The picture was wonderfully fascinat-  
ing to the little girl, and when her  
big sister came from college in the  
evening she ran and got the book,  
turning to the picture, and said:

"Sister, see! This is a picture of  
Mr. Darn."

Her sister replied, "No, dear; that  
is Mr. Dickens."

"Well," said Josephine, "I knew it  
was some kind of a swear word."—  
Delineator.

## Carrying Out Orders.

On Lord Dufferin's estate, near Bel-  
fast, there once stood a historic ruin,  
a castle which had been a stronghold  
of the O'Neils. One day Lord Dufferin  
visited it with his steward, Dan Mulli-  
gan, and drew a line with his stick  
round it, telling Mulligan that he was  
to build a protecting wall on that line.  
And then he went to India, feeling  
secure as to the preservation of the  
great historic building.

When he returned to Ireland he has-  
tened to visit the castle. It was gone.  
He rubbed his eyes and looked again.  
Yes, gone it certainly was, leaving not  
a trace behind. He sent for Dan, and  
inquired, "Where's the castle?"

"The castle, my lord? That could  
thing? Sure, I pulled it down to build  
the wall wid."

A woman manages to derive a lot of  
pleasure from bargain sales by pur-  
chasing something she doesn't need.

## Topic Times

Marie Corelli says that she has met  
a great many American women, but  
never yet a dull one.

The German empire consists of four  
kingdoms and some twenty grand  
duchies, duchies, principalities and  
free cities.

Santo Domingo, according to an En-  
glish mineralogist who explored it, is  
a geological curiosity shop, containing  
scattered samples of nearly every well-  
known mineral.

France is buying many locomotives  
in Germany. The latest order is for  
thirty for one line. For years French  
railroads have regularly ordered loco-  
motives in Germany.

China buys in San Francisco \$100,-  
000 of seaweed a year. The claim for  
seaweed is that when it is used in up-  
holstering furniture is kept free of  
moths and other insects.

A canal nine miles long, sixty-five  
feet wide, and fourteen feet deep, in  
Desha County, Arkansas, has been com-  
pleted and is draining about 120,000  
acres of land contiguous to Arkansas  
City.

"Closing out sales" and the like are  
being placed under ban in many of the  
leading cities of Russia, where strict  
rules are established governing such  
sales to prevent an imposition upon  
the public.

Oyster production in Canadian wa-  
ters is steadily decreasing. The yield  
fell from 35,757 barrels in 1903 to 27,-  
297 barrels in 1907. Canada imported  
\$271,760 worth of American oysters in  
1908 out of a total export of \$653,-  
832 worth.

A Salvation Army officer in London  
says he asked a boy what work he did  
to provide him with food, etc., and the  
reply was: "I pick strawberries in the  
summer, I pick hops in the autumn,  
I pick pockets in the winter,  
and oakum for the rest of the year."

Of the \$8,200,000,000 that the farms  
of the United States have yielded in  
1909 the South's share is \$2,400,000,000,  
according to estimates by the Manu-  
facturers' Record. Of the South's total  
between \$900,000,000 and \$1,000,000,-  
000 represents the crop of cotton, with  
its seed, an increase of between \$150,-  
000,000 and \$200,000,000 over 1908.

Canadian reports show that the  
wheat crop in western Canada this  
year increased the tide of trade beyond  
all previous reports. The Winnipeg  
bank clearances for the week ending  
Oct. 31 were \$24,365,858, an increase of  
\$8,000,000, compared with the corre-  
sponding week last year, despite the  
fact that farmers generally are holding  
back grain in the hope of higher  
prices.

One of the most curious and interest-  
ing undertakings in years has been  
completed in Denmark—the building  
of a vessel modeled upon the lines of  
Noah's ark, as described in Genesis.  
The vessel as built is thirty feet long,  
five feet wide and three feet deep—these  
measurements being one-tenth of  
those given in the Bible. When  
launched the ship, to the surprise of  
the builder, proved seaworthy.

Recently the Canadian government  
offered 1,116,000 acres of public land  
for sale at Port Gray, adjoining Van-  
couver, and buyers from all parts of  
the Dominion flocked to the sale, with  
many persons from the United States  
and representatives of foreign capital.  
German investors made a \$400,000 in-  
vestment, while Americans were free  
buyers, but it was noticeable that British  
capital was not so well represented  
as had been expected.

At the present time, when so much  
interest is being taken in the pro-  
posed Bunyan memorial window in  
Westminster Abbey, the library com-  
mittee of the Sunday School Union  
think that many Sunday school teach-  
ers will welcome the opportunity of  
seeing so interesting a relic as the  
Bunyan pulpit, which for many years  
has been in the possession of the  
union. They have therefore decided  
to have the pulpit on exhibition in the  
library, at 56 Old Bailey.—Westmin-  
ster Gazette.

Dr. Waldo, of London, holds that  
people should develop a sixth sense to  
inform them of the approach of dan-  
ger in the streets. Lafcadio Hearn  
once said: "While in a crowd I sel-  
dom look at faces. My intuition is  
almost infallible—like that blind fac-  
ulty by which in absolute darkness  
one becomes aware of the proximity of  
bulky objects without touching them.  
If I hesitate to obey it, a collision is  
the inevitable consequence. What  
pilots one quickly and safely through  
a thick press is not conscious obser-  
vation at all, but unreasoning intu-  
itive perception."

Something of the drain which cen-  
tral and western Canada is making on  
American farm life, and American  
capital as well, is shown in a report  
by the Canadian inspector of immigra-  
tion agencies, which says that in one  
year American immigrants brought  
with them \$60,000,000. What is more  
important, says the inspector, these  
American farmers brought with them  
the farming methods learned by years  
of experience on the prairies of the  
Western States; an experience invalu-  
able to themselves, but which is passed  
to settlers from other lands.

A two-thirds compositor is one who  
has served two-thirds of the time con-  
sidered necessary to make a full  
fledged compositor. The basis of  
measurement is an em, the square of

the body of a type and the portion of a  
line formerly occupied by the letter  
M, then a square type. One thousand  
ems an hour on book work or 1,200 on  
newspaper work would be considered  
faster than the average, but George  
Arensberg and Joe McCann, two old-  
time "swifts," each set more than two  
thousand ems an hour in a typesetting  
contest in the early eighties.—New  
York Herald.

## KILOWATT AND WHAT IT DOES.

Some Suggestions in Electricity That  
Will Help Industry.

Owners of electric vehicles are often  
puzzled by the different terms used for  
the measurement of electric current.  
The words "amperes," "volts" and  
"watts" are quite meaningless to the  
uninitiated and when an electric  
charging station makes a price for  
current of 5 or 10 cents per kilowatt  
hour the average unscientific man  
doesn't quite grasp its meaning.

To explain the term needs first a  
clear definition and then a compar-  
ison, the Kansas City Journal says.  
Every one will understand that a cer-  
tain amount of force must be used to  
drive electric current through a cir-  
cuit. This force is measured by volts,  
thus, we have 110-volt currents and  
220-volt currents, the one expressing  
just twice the force of the other. But  
the quantity of current passing  
through a circuit depends upon the  
force and the resistance, and so the  
quantity is expressed by a different  
term, viz., "amperes."

Now, the efficiency of the current  
depends upon both force and quantity,  
and to express this efficiency or united  
action we multiply the force by the  
quantity—that is, the volts by the am-  
peres, and express the result in watts.  
Thus 100 volts multiplied by 5 am-  
peres is 500 watts.

A kilowatt is, of course, 1,000 watts,  
which is the equivalent of about 1.3  
horse power. In charging a battery  
the lighting companies bill for the use  
of so many watts for so many hours.  
Thus, 1,000 watts for ten hours would  
be charged as ten kilowatt hours,  
which at 5 cents a kilowatt hour,  
would be 50 cents, a charge that seems  
little enough for ten hours' use of  
1.3 horse power.

But what a kilowatt hour is worth  
may best be judged by what it will  
do. Thus a kilowatt hour will light  
twenty sixteen-candle-power incandes-  
cent lamps or two standard arc lamps  
for one hour; it will pump 100 gal-  
lons of water to a height of twenty-  
five feet, compress 470 cubic feet of  
free air 100 pounds, drive an ordinary  
passenger elevator 1,750 feet, print  
2,500 circulars on a 15x21 Gordon press  
or 1,000 sheets on a 32x47 cylinder  
press, run a sewing machine for twenty  
hours, supply air for a church  
organ for one service, mix two and  
one-half yards of concrete, heat a two-  
pint chafing dish for four hours, mix  
sufficient dough for 1,500 loaves of  
bread and grind 600 pounds of coffee;  
it will drive a runabout four and a  
half miles or a three-ton truck one  
mile.

When, therefore, a lighting company  
charges 5 cents a kilowatt hour for  
current for your electric vehicle you  
can estimate the value of what you  
are getting by what it will do in other  
lines of industry.

## QUICK COURT WORK.

Eleven Verdicts a Day Rendered by  
an English Jury.

Jesse Macey, writing about the great  
advantages of the procedure of En-  
glish courts over American, dwells upon  
the splendid work of English juries:

"The working of the British jury  
system exhibits a marked contrast  
with that of our own. It is possible  
that my experience in British courts  
was exceptional, but not in a single in-  
stance did I see a juror challenged or  
rejected. In all of the courts requiring  
juries the necessary number of men  
were present and they were sworn in  
without question. In the sheriff's  
deputy court, Scotland, the presiding  
judge gave notice to the jury that he  
expected to adjourn the court at 3  
o'clock, and stated that if they could  
all remain until that hour he would  
at once dismiss the men who had been  
called for a second panel. The jurors  
conferred together, and agreed to re-  
main till 1 o'clock, whereupon the  
judge notified the other men to appear  
at 12:30. The one jury impaneled for  
the morning session rendered six ver-  
dicts in cases involving prosecutions  
for thefts, frauds and burglary. In a  
court of quarter sessions at Taunton,  
England, I saw a single jury in one  
day render eleven verdicts. I found  
that it was customary in the several  
sorts of court that I attended for the  
same jury to act in successive cases.  
In no instance did I see a jury leave  
their seats to make up their verdict.  
Usually the issue before them was  
made, so plain that all who gave at-  
tention knew in advance what the de-  
cision would be. I made note of an  
exceptional instance of delay, when the  
court was forced to wait nine minutes  
for the report of the jury. In this case  
the judge who gave the instructions  
was himself in doubt as to what the  
verdict ought to be.

"A Scottish jury consists of fifteen  
persons, and a majority may render a  
verdict. In England the number is  
twelve, and unanimity is required.  
But I noted no difference as to prac-  
tical results in the two countries. The  
twelve men in the English jury were  
as prompt and certain in their action  
as were the eight out of fifteen in the  
Scottish jury."—McClure's.

Troubles may come to a boy in the  
form of curly hair, and to a girl in the  
guise of freckles.

## FULTON IN PARIS.

Many an old print of Fulton's first  
steamboat would make one believe  
that it was in American waters that  
it first succeeded in propelling itself.  
That was not so, and the late Edward  
Everett Hale, in "Memories of a Hun-  
dred Years," tells of the earlier ex-  
periments. Mr. Hale got his informa-  
tion from Edward Church, who roomed  
with Fulton in Paris in 1803. Ful-  
ton's model steamer had gone so well  
that he had waited on Napoleon's of-  
ficials with his



BE SURE TO ATTEND THIS SALE OF

# Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Underwear and Furnishings

Our Sixth Semi-Annual Cleanup Sale commences Friday, January 21st

## Tremendous Price Concessions on all Winter Goods

It's a complete surrender of values, an unmerciful cut in prices where cost or values are absolutely not reckoned. The time is opportune—two months of winter weather in which you will need seasonable clothes. The merchandise is worthy—products of the world's foremost manufacturers.

Overcoats for Men and Boys reduced one-half former price.  
Suits for Men and Boys reduced 30 to 40 per cent.  
Corduroy Pants and Coats at one-half former price.  
Save one-third on Men's and Boys' Pants.

Children's Suits and Overcoats at one-half former price.  
Hats, Caps and Shirts reduced 33 per cent.  
Underwear in both cotton and wool reduced.  
Very low prices on Boy's Knee Pants.

Every Suit and Overcoat in our immense stock is included in this Sale. Absolutely none are reserved. None will be carried over. You know the quality of merchandise this store sells. You know that nowhere, no time can you get more for your money than here.

## ADOLPH STEINWEDEL CLOTHING COMPANY

No. 2 South Chestnut Street, Seymour, Indiana

### B. & O. S.-W.

The most direct Line to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, D. C. over the Alleghenies and through the beautiful Potomac Valley. 3 solid through trains daily with fine equipment and elegant service, stop-overs allowed on all first class tickets at Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

Also, The most direct Line to the West, making direct connections with all trains leading out of Union Station, St. Louis. For rates and time of trains call at B.&O. ticket office or address

ED MASSMANN, Agt.  
W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.  
Vincennes, Ind.

**May Dodge Tunnel Route.**  
Bloomfield, Ind., Jan. 20.—The tunnel near Owensburg, a few miles east of here, on the Bedford and Switz City branch of the Monon railroad, has caved in for the fourth time in the last half dozen months, and all traffic is blocked. By the building of about two miles of extra track the tunnel could be dodged, and it is believed the company will make this change.

**Incendiaries Attack Church.**  
Hazelton, Ind., Jan. 20.—An incendiary attempted to destroy the new Union Bethel Methodist church in Washington township. People living near the church saved the building from destruction by forming a bucket brigade. The fire, kindled by oil-soaked rags, badly scorched one side of the building.

### Good Teeth a Necessity To Enjoy Life

Note the following reasonable prices:  
QUALITY and WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED  
Set of Teeth.....\$8.00  
Gold Crowns, (22K).....\$5.00  
Bridge Work.....\$5.00  
Fillings.....75 cents and up

Extracting Painless With Nitrous Oxide Gas  
EXAMINATION FREE  
Dr. R. G. Haas, No. 7 W. Second St., SEYMOUR, IND.

**W. H. BURKLEY**  
REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
and LOANS  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

### Cured of a Severe Attack of Bronchitis by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"On October 18, last, my little three year old daughter contracted a severe cold which resulted in a bad case of bronchitis," says Mrs. W. G. Gibson, Lexington, Ky. "She lost the power of speech completely and was a very sick child. Fortunately we had a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house and gave it to her according to the printed directions. On the second day she was a great deal better, and on the fifth day, Oct. 23, she was entirely well of her cold and bronchitis, which I attribute to this splendid medicine. I recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy unreservedly as I have found it the surest, safest, and quickest cure for colds, both for children and adults, of any I have ever used." For sale by C. W. Milhous.

### Nurseryman Held Under State Law.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 20.—The arrest in Sangamon county for violation of the state law prohibiting the sale of diseased nursery stock was made by J. L. McLaughlin, state horticultural inspector, who made complaint against Thomas Cale, a local nurseryman. Cale is said to have sold a number of trees infested with scale.

### The Latest From Copenhagen.

Copenhagen, Jan. 20.—The committee of the University of Copenhagen has completed its examination of Dr. Frederick A. Cook's original notes, and confirmed its previous conclusions that not the slightest proof that the explorer reached the north pole had been submitted.

### A Sprained Ankle.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches in two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is often two or three months before he is fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, as by applying Chamberlain's Liniment, as directed, a cure may be effected in less than one week's time, and in many cases within three days. For sale by C. W. Milhous.

### Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office:

#### LADIES.

Mrs. Emney Bachan.

Mrs. Sadie Richard.

#### GENTS.

Mr. W. C. Clash.

WM. P. MASTERS, P. M.

Seymour, Jan. 17, 1910.

### A Traveling Salesman

H. F. Beers, 617 7th Ave., Peoria, Ill., writes: "I have been troubled for some time with kidney trouble, so severely at times I could scarcely carry my grips. After using one bottle of Foley's Kidney Pills I have been entirely relieved, and cheerfully recommend them to all." Foley's Kidney Pills are healing and anti-septic and will restore health and strength.

Sold by all druggists

### How Rastus Won.



"So you won a turkey at the raffle, Rastus?"  
"Uh-huh! 'Wille de res' was shakin' dice I scused mahself."

### He Wasn't There.

Managua, Jan. 19.—The police attempted to arrest General Medina for the part he took in the courtmartial and execution of Cannon and Groce, the two Americans who were executed some time ago for aiding the revolutionists. They broke into General Medina's residence, but he had evidently been warned and had fled.

### Stomach Trouble Cured

If you have any trouble with your stomach you should take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Mr. J. P. Clote, of Edina, Mo., says: "I have used a great many different medicines for stomach trouble, but find Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets more beneficial than any other remedy I ever used." For sale by C. W. Milhous.

### Here's Another Comet.

San Jose, Cal., Jan. 19.—Astronomer R. O. Aitken of the Lick observatory says of the new comet discovered in South Africa a couple of days ago, that it is brighter than Venus and should be a brilliant object in the sky for the next few nights. It should be looked for in the southwestern sky just after sunset, he says.

### Came Near Choking to Death.

A little boy, the son of Chris. D. Peterson, a well known resident of the village of Jacksonville, Iowa, had a sudden and violent attack of croup. Much thick stringy phlegm came up after giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mr. Peterson says: "I think he would have choked to death had we not given him this remedy." For sale by C. W. Milhous.

### Took Rebuke to Heart.

Decatur, Ill., Jan. 19.—Because he had been reprimanded by his son for showing his affection for a fourteen-year-old neighbor girl, Felix Garver, aged sixty-seven, a member of one of the oldest families in this section, committed suicide.

### Now Up to the Senate

Washington, Jan. 19.—For the third time the house of representatives has passed a bill giving separate statehood to the territories of New Mexico and Arizona. Friends of the measure say they have encouraging assurances of its passage by the senate.

REPUBLICAN Want Ads. Pay

### Fever Sores.

Fever sores and old chronic sores should not be healed entirely, but should be kept in healthy condition. This can be done by applying Chamberlain's Salve. This salve has no superior for this purpose. It is also most excellent for chapped hands, sore nipples, burns and diseases of the skin. For sale by C. W. Milhous.

### Heard of Son at Last.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Jan. 19.—The first news which J. T. Nickols, a watchman in this city, had received of his son, Everett Nickols, in fourteen years came in a telegram announcing that the son had been murdered by an employe on a farm near Moberly, Mo., during a quarrel. The dead man was formerly a horse dealer in this city.

### Simple Remedy for LaGrippe.

LaGrippe coughs are dangerous, as they very frequently develop into pneumonia. Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops the cough, but heals and strengthens the lungs so that no serious results need be feared. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package.

Sold by all druggists

### ADMITS BRUTAL CRIME

Coachman Has Finally Confessed Sole Guilt in Miss Brymer's Murder.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 18.—After hours of questioning Schermerhorn in the Vassar hospital here, the coachman broke down and made a full confession of the murder and at the same time exonerated the Japanese butler, Suturo Ohashi, from any part in the killing of Miss Brymer. He said that on the night of the murder he took two of the Compton maids out for a ride. They stopped at a number of drinking places and he became intoxicated. He got them back to the Compton place and then went to the tenant house. There he said he took several more drinks and then went to the Compton house. This was about 1:30 in the morning, he thought. He got in by way of the kitchen and went to the floor where Miss Brymer was asleep. Schermerhorn said that he was so intoxicated that he cannot clearly recall what happened in detail. He said that he could not remember assaulting the governess, but confessed that it was he and none else who killed her.

### STILL AFTER THEM

Prosecution Hasn't Ceased Search For Men "Higher Up."

New York, Jan. 19.—A denial by Collector Loeb that he had said that Charles R. Heike was "the man higher up" in the government's sugar prosecutions and that there would be no further indictments of officials of the trust, has had the effect of renewing speculation as to who will be the next man caught in the government's dragnet. Henry L. Stimson's office declines to throw any light on the matter beyond a statement of Winifred T. Denison that the federal grand jury is going on with its investigation and if any men higher up be found to be sufficiently implicated, further indictments will be found.

We do "Printing That Pleases."

### Call For Convention.

The Republicans of Jackson county will meet in their respective townships at places designated below on Saturday January 29th at 1 p. m., for the following purpose:

1st For the election of Precinct committeeman for each voting precinct.

2d For the election of Delegates and Alternates to the district convention to be held at North Vernon on Tuesday, 1st day of February, 1910.

Jackson county is entitled to 13 delegates to the district convention. The apportionment of the delegates to said convention among the townships of the county are as follows:

Jackson 4 del., 3 alt., place of meeting Seymour.

Brownstown 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting, Brownstown.

Carr 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Medora.

Driftwood 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Vallonia.

Grassy Fork 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Tampico.

Hamilton 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Cortland.

Redding 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Rockford.

Salt Creek 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Houston.

Vernon 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Clearspring.

Owen 1 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Clearspring.

Washington 0 del., 1 alt., place of meeting Dudleytown.

The Precinct Committeemen elected shall meet at 1:00 p. m., on Monday Jan., 31st., at Brownstown for the purpose of perfecting the county organization.

Chairman of township convention will please report names of delegates and precinct committeemen elected to the county chairman.

T. V. PRUITT, CG. CHAIRMAN.

j29d&w2t

**Pneumonia Follows a Cold**

but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, which stops the cough, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from your system.

Sold by all druggists

**Murderers in Austria.**

Austria is the country most lenient to murderers. A very small percentage of those convicted are executed.

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

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